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CHANGED DAILY FOR C. H. GILMAN—SEPTEMBER 14, 1888.

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STATE FAIR.

ANNUAL ADDRESS DELIVERED LAST NIGHT.

Hon. John P. Irish on California—Splendid Racing at the Park—The Pavilion.

The weather was delightful again yesterday, and the attendance at both Park and Pavilion was very large. The races were the best, taken all together, of any day since the opening of the fair, while the address delivered by Hon. John P. Irish at the Pavilion in the evening was a treat to all who were able to get within the sound of his voice. About 9:30 o'clock the crowd commenced to fill the art gallery, where the gifted orator was announced to speak, and soon afterwards Mr. Irish was introduced by President Shippee, and spoke as follows:

Mr. President, Members of the Directory and Fellow-Citizens: We are here to indulge in the regular annual congratulations that California has had another abundant crops, that she has been blessed in basket and store, that the proceeds of our industry and fruits of our farms and our orchards have been widely distributed throughout the States of our own country and the nations of the earth, to other people to whom we send these as their supplies of the necessaries and luxuries of life.

I have been invited by the Directory of this Agricultural Society to say something of a formal nature to be placed in their annual publication and sent forth to the world that shall perhaps, worthily present this great State and the fruits of the industry of our people to others at a distance. I have found myself, by the formality of the occasion, compelled to do that which I have not been in the habit of doing, and this afternoon have written and will read from that portion of the address required for preservation in printed form:

Gibbons says that until men bestow their regard upon their benefactors and not upon their destroyers, the history of the world will be largely a narrative of campaigns and a biography of commanders.

Voltaire declares that there are but few Princes who deserve to have their history written, for but few of them deserve to have their memory preserved. In this country instead of the Prince we have the politician. Like the poor, he is always with us. Stand on the main street of the commercial metropolis of California and watch the people as they pass, and while you watch keep tally of the battered wrecks of politics, who have sought and held office and are still seeking it. The people turn and look at them with a certain awe. To have aspired to high office or to have held it is not a disgrace in a free country; but a life of office-seeking, primary manipulation, running conventions, undermining others and making hot contests to get even with rivals, is not a life that testifies to any greatness of character, nor are those who lead it the great men of the State. Look upon the men in the fleeting show I have mentioned! What industry do they promote, what labor do they hire? Has one of them ever made two blades of grass grow where one grew before? Are they our great men and deserving of the tribute of even curiosity? It is true they somewhat rival Solomon in the glory of their raiment, and resemble that philosopher in other things, though not in his wisdom. Their heels spurn the earth as if it were too mean to take the tracks they make, but if they should all disappear to-night what crops would go unharvested, what wheels would stop, what solid interest of this newer France and greater Italy and better Asia would suffer for their taking off? They are men who make politics a profession while others toil and create the commonwealth. They parasite their way through life, live softhanded all their days, and dying full of years we strain ourselves to build them public monuments, when in truth the sole return they make to the earth for all its fruits they have eaten without earning, is the fertilizing effect of their carcasses.

You may look on these men till you tire. They are not the great men of California, whose memories deserve preserving, nor the men who should be first honored with the lifted hat. Our great men are those who are patiently developing the marvelous resources of the State, who are studying the ways of Nature and watching the cunning hiding-places of her stores. Many of these men may be named, and many of whom the world has not heard are worthies in the same list.

When Southern California was a poor cattle pasture, Rose, of San Gabriel, went to that wilderness, cherishing the fabulous of his German birth-place. It was thirty years ago that he took the southwestern trail, through perils that are now amongst the ancient history of New Mexico and Arizona. His dream was of a land of corn and wine, and it became fact when his first grapes were trodden into wine by the Indians, amongst whom he made his home. He pioneered that new Los Angeles, proved the higher utility of a California "cow county," and showed others how the name of that part of our State could be sent around the world on the fame of its oranges, its figs trees and vines.

Elwood Cooper, of Santa Barbara, is another of the great men of this State, for he has proved the possibility and the profit of olive culture. He has shown that our soil and climate will produce olives as rich in oil and flavor as any that were kissed into perfection by the soft air of Palestine on the slopes of the Mount of Olives, where the Savior rested and overlooked Jerusalem, where he was soon to be hailed as the Son of David. Elwood Cooper added a new commercial utility to the industries of this State, and his genius has produced olive oil so excellent that the product of ancient orchards on the slopes of the Mediterranean finds no sale in competition with it, though offered at less than half its price. What he has done at Santa Barbara, can be repeated along seven hundred miles of the Coast Range on lands kindly to the olive, but otherwise of doubtful utility. Let all Californians honor this gentleman, whose genius and energy have located here one of the oldest industries of the earth.

Another great Californian is dead. He served his country bravely in battle, it is true, but his title to greatness is not only in his record as a soldier. Naglee of San Jose gave his sword to his country when she needed soldiers, but his fame rests upon his being the first experimenter to prove the ultimate and maximum excellence of our vintage, and give a permanent commercial fame to our vineyards, by proving that California is the peer of France in brandy production. With no guide but his genius focussed upon one subject, he made brandy in the chemistry of the soil, guarded its transmutation into the sap which is the blood of the vine, traced it from the vine to the leaf, and thence to the fruit and its distillation, and in the perfected spirit caught the blush and bouquet of the grape, and made it sweet with the aroma of Nature's cologne. This prince of spirits has withstood the tests of a rd Judges in competition with the brandies of Europe. With a tithe of the work and toil of perfecting it, he could have packed primaries, purchased nominations and had his name inscribed amongst Senators. But he chose the pursuit that practically benefited his State by adding to its materialities; therefore lift your hat to the memory of the man who beat France with California brandy, and convicted cognac of adulteration. There was another field left open, another useful office to be filled, and, without waiting for a convention to nominate him, Colonel Harasztby assumed its delicate and costly functions by setting for himself the task of proving that California can produce champagne. It took better stuff than we put into other bodies to invest the substance and the energy he gave to the maze of experiments, out of which issued a California sparkling wine. Champagne has in it the soul of the wine, the sparkling, speaking spirit. Until this other great Californian conjured this spirit from his *cuvee* the vineyards of this State were so many bodies only. He touched them with the hand of genius, and each body was quickened by the soul within it. In this contact and conversation with Nature by which these really great men are planting firmer foundations for California than could be built by all the bones mortared together by all the brains of her noisy politicians, there are many co-workers. In a sunny little valley, on the bayward side of the Berkeley hills, another great Californian has established a horticultural laboratory, wherein the fruits of Japan are undergoing test and trial, and experiments in hybridizing are in progress that are big with importance to our stone fruit interest. There Pryal, of Temescal, has built the tiny bowers in which the marriage of blossoms has been consummated, and he has watched lest a vagrant bee should steal and sip the wedding sweets or a wandering breeze pollute the bride and so defeat his well planned match-making. The layman, looking, may be indifferent to this patient toil, which, bringing together the germinal principle of two different fruits in the blossom, produces a new fruit with the flavor and excellence of both parents, but let it be remembered that to hybridizing we owe our delicate nectarine, and it was the same process that differentiated the peach and apricot from some common ancestry so remote as to be forgotten. Kings, Queens and Emperors schemed and fought and lied about the Spanish marriage in the time of Louis XIV., but what was that marriage with all its dynastic consequences, compared with the results which may follow this marriage of flowers by this patient, plodding man whose unspoken ceremony may give the world a new fruit and industry a new creation by which to increase the profits of its toil?

There are others within our borders who rank with them as benefactors of mankind by having added to the mastery of the resources of nature, and yet when they come and go, we burn no torch and belch no brass music in their honor. Receptions and levees and leave-takings are for others, while our real benefactors pay their own fare, carry their own satchels, and are not pointed out in the crowd to the gaze of admiration or curiosity or envy.

What has been wrought here by men of whom these are the type, has been simply the result of faith that nature had hidden in the soil and sunshine of California rare and novel capacities not found grouped together in any other land on earth. Emerson never visited California but he described our commonwealth in the exordium of one of his remarkable addresses in these terms: "In this refulgent summer it has been a luxury to draw the breath of life. The grass grows, the buds burst, the meadow is spotted with fire and gold in the tint of flowers. The air is full of birds and sweet with the breath of the pine, the balm-of-Gilead and the new hay. Night brings no gloom to the heart with its welcome shade. Through the transparent darkness the stars pour their almost spiritual rays. Man under them seems a young child and his huge globe a toy. The cool night bathes the world as with a river, and prepares his eyes again for the crimson dawn. The mystery of nature was never displayed more happily. The corn and the wine have been freely dealt to all creatures, and the never-broken silence with which the old bounty goes forward has not yielded one word of explanation. One is constrained to respect the perfection of this world in which our senses converse. How wide; how rich; what invitation from every property it conveys to every faculty of man—in its fruitful soils; in its navigable seas; in the mountains of metal and stone; in its forests of all woods; in its animals; in its chemical ingredients; in the power and path of light, heat, attraction and life. It is well worth the pith and heart of great men to subdue and enjoy."

Though applied to a distant part of the Union, these eloquent words fulfill the requisites of a description of California, the winterless land.

I have given some time and care to the study of this State and its capacities, and have availed myself of the experience of others. I have compared it with other lands noted in the ancient and the modern world for their scenery, their climate and their fertility, and out of the trial of every such comparison California comes mathematically vindicated as a region combining more advantages which add to the desirability of life, and furnish the means of comfortable and luxurious existence, than any other land on earth.

But Nature has not here broken the string and carelessly scattered her jewels, so that in finding and using them there shall be no difference between idleness and industry, between thrift and wastefulness. I have used the names of men who deserve to be called great in our annals, *because* they had the steadfast courage to pursue lines of original investigation into the capacities of the State and to finally prove them, and in the proof open the way to thousands of others by will and work to earn bread, and to do it inspired by the hope of a competency.

Looking over the vast and varied field of California's materialities, we may say with Emerson, this State "is well worth the pith and heart of great men to subdue and enjoy."

I have had no time to prepare comparative tables showing the increase in our staple articles of commerce, since bold experiment proved that their production was possible. In outline then it may be affirmed as a fact demonstrated that this State produces in lush abundance the grains and grasses, fruits, nuts and vegetables which nature has scattered widely over the earth, but only here has grouped in a contented and possible companionship. The rural proprietor in California is indeed an international merchant, for he is producing crops that are amongst the daily necessaries of life in every civilized land. The Frenchman must soon consider our wine crop for his own is receding. The English market takes now one-sixth of our raisin crop, and the time will come when the Christmas plum puddings will lack plums unless California has a surplus of raisins for export equal to the Engl sh demand. With two crops of wheat stored in our warehouses, bread is rising in France and England, and California's surplus must stand between famine and the seventy millions of bread-eaters in the two countries. The source of olive oil supply along the Mediterranean is failing, and if it were not for American cotton seed and lard oil, Marseilles and Lucca would have no olive oil to export. The foreign maker of this oil seems to have nothing left but his brand, and that does duty on oils that would not know an olive tree from a manzanita.

So I might show in the case of production of the staples as well as the luxuries of life, that the whole world looks to California as the freshest and best source of supplies that are extinct or rapidly exhausting in their ancient locations. The effect of this fact is seen in the advancing value of real estate and its improvements in this State.

We have occasion to boast of the rapid increase in the assessed valuation of the State, but we may well be proud when we analyze the increase. It is in the real estate, the soil, the source of all wealth and power and comfort. In 1878 the value of real estate and its improvements was assessed at $467,026,552. In 1888 the same assessment is $909,635,331, while exclusive of railroads, the State shows this year only $174,409,378 in wealth aside from real estate and improvements. This is a fact that will startle the publicist and statistician, while it will gratify the pride of a Californian, for it shows that our wealth and its increase are due to the high farming of our soil. True, part of this realty is in city property, but every vara of it gets its value from the fields and the fruits of rural industry.

This great exhibition, the harvest home of California, is the proof and sample of what the farmers of this State are doing. It is ineffable California manifest in the flesh. To the eye of the trained observer it offers evidence of facts of the highest importance to mankind. It proves that the utilities of the soil are nowhere than elsewhere, and as the utility of the soil is refined the value of the land per acre increases, and with that increase goes the most important economic fact that can be urged in behalf of our noble commonwealth—that lands, the small acreage needed here to support a family and secure it comfort and a competence. I know men who have sought California within the last six years, fugitives from misfortune or stricken in strength, wondering only if the clouds would ever lift, and if the sun would ever shine again for them. Encouraged to begin life over on twenty acres of California soil, planted in vines and fruits, these men are now on the road to fortune. Surrounded with plenty, with sunshine without and within, they can heartily repeat what a venerable Sutter county farmer said to me once: "When the message comes to me, I am ready." In great change I see only believing that the Good Architect of all things commands me to a country that is no fairer nor richer nor kinder than California."

Let the word pass through the nations that California is the poor man's land, for a man can be called poor who is willing to work—and that here a home on twenty or forty acres is worth a principality in lands less favored. And let us who are here, in the midst of this constant ferment of nature toward useful production, bid welcome to all honest comers who are willing to work, so that our seven hundred miles of rich foothills and our valleys in whose vast areas you might lose ancient Egypt or Greece or Italy, will blossom with the homes of millions of freemen, who, as each radiant day yields to each radiant night, will turn their prayerful hearts to the source of all good gifts, and with voices reverently joined, say with us: God bless the Commonwealth of California.

AROUND THE GALLERIES.

There is a great deal of interest in the exhibits in the galleries. To pass half way round from the art gallery eastward, southward and fairly examine the exhibits is enough for one-half day's inspection. Thus, beginning at the Art Gallery we found a splendid display by John Breuner, a bed-room, dining-room and parlor, each completely furnished, not a single detail in fitting being omitted. It is a novel, rich and beautiful showing.

J. F. Cooper—A large display of Mathushek pianos, and of organs, music and musical instruments.

The Amateur Art Department—Notable among the paintings and drawings in which are some of the works of Mrs. M. E. Tryon, Wallace Sawyer, Sarah Slayback, J. R. Lafontaine, Agnes Hummel, Mrs. Herricks, Louise J. Conrad, Maggie O. Toole; the drawings, map studies and exercise work of the Sacramento Grammar School and others, altogether too numerous to be catalogued here.

The fine display of the Sacramento Business College, the penmanship, pen-drawing and general college work, examples of which are of notable excellence. The pen work especially is full of interest, and the facts related to its execution of even greater interest.

Robert Neely—Case of fine hand-made boots and shoes.

Mrs. Addie Carter—Wax flowers, skeleton leaves, etc., very handsome. Mrs. George Muddox, crochet spread. Mrs. Charles Ott, Jr., dresses, etc. Hattie M. Houston, a handsome showing of porcelain and china painting. Miss S. V. Staples, drawn work and lace.

W. D. Comstock—An admirable display of fine furniture, upholstery, folding beds, etc. An exhibit of high excellence.

Liebig's German invigorator.

D. H. Quinn—Fine silk hats in a well arranged case; an industrial showing of suggestiveness and taste.

Mrs. S. M. Lechleiter—Embroidery in fish scales, chenielle, etc. The fish scale embroidery is new and of beautiful effect. It is almost impossible to realize that such results have been worked out of such prosaic material. She exhibits also a collection of shells and coral and shell frames and tables.

Bainbridge Business College—Excellent examples of short-hand writing, type-writing exemplified, school work showing fine examples of the best order of penmanship, etc., a practical and handsome display.

Capital Furniture Company—A good practical display of fine home-made furniture, school desks, etc.

Melvin's Installment Store, with examples of the goods kept in stock.

The Gem Tellurion by A. C. Shaw; E. C. Mead & Co., silver cream polish; Connover & Spencer pianos by A. C. Shaw & Co. Also automatic piano player, a handsome exhibit of pianos.

Whittier, Fuller & Co.—A rich showing in a beautiful room in dull ebony, gold and maroon. In it are shown the most modern styles of wall-paper, laid on ceiling and wall, embossed paper, Linerusta Walton, oak, gold, oxydized and ebony frames, easels and mirror frames, plate mirrors, gold card bust and bouquet stands and tables, fine engravings, etchings, etc. It is an exquisitely beautiful and tempting exhibition.

Mrs. F. A. Arnold, San Francisco—Embroidery, china painting, lustre painting, cambric bed spread, Japanese embroidery. This display is very handsome, notably the china decorative painting and the Japanese embroidery on the cambric handkerchief bed spread. The elegance of this display is patent at a glance, and the superiority of the work is undeniable. It is indicative of a cultivated taste.

Mrs. Theodore Deming—Embroidered fire screen, sofa pillow, knit mittens, Kensington table scarf, wax fruit. The work is of the best order, and speaks of a refined taste and cultivated execution. Attention is especially invited to the embroidered fire screen.

Doylies, by Mrs. Dr. Hatch; shell-work frames, Mrs. Mary Strub.

Inlaid Table Top, E. N. Hill, Sacramento. By a gentleman aged 70. It consists of 7,000 pieces of wood, many from historic war ships and battle-fields, set in a chromtropic star that almost revolves to the sight, so sweeping and intermingled are the lines. The idea of depth in the center is admirably secured. It is in all respects a curious, beautiful and wonderful example of patient and skillful handiwork.

Mrs. Hattie Gardiner, delicate artificial flowers in paper, ornamental grasses. A charming display.

Rev. John F. von Herrlich exhibits a number of rich embroideries and examples of fine needle work that are in his possession. They are not in competition for premiums.

Mrs. O. W. McGowan shows a lyre of "shavings" flowers from Oregon cedar, shell pin and earrings of fish scales, wax flowers, embroidery, feather flowers, etc. An attractive and handsome case of fine goods it is.

Mrs. Wm. M. Lyon, Sacramento, has the largest exhibition of fine needle and brush work of any lady. She shows raised silk embroidery, the first of the kind, we believe, shown here, and very handsome. Surface painting on plush, in imitation of Kensington, a novel idea, and admirably effected. Kensington embroidery in variety, and very skillfully worked. Silk embroidery, one-thread (wall banner), about as fine an example as is to be found. Painting in oil on rough ivorine, very rich. Poppies in oil, on linen. Table-cover in iridescent beads, in imitation of autumn leaves. But the finest and most meritorious part of the display is the china painting; notably a plaque, with cameo or embossed effect, and a game set. The latter is a striking illustration of what patience, skill and good taste can accomplish.

Mrs. Horace Adams, beautiful silk embroidery on fine flannels, and a lace apron (not entered for premium). This exhibit is after a style of embroidery not now so much in vogue, but than which scarcely any is more chaste and beautiful, and very little is better done than that shown by Mrs. Adams.

Mrs. Dr. W. R. Cluness exhibits a beautiful silk quilt, a very fine example of needlework. It is not entered for competition.

FRESNO COUNTY.

Noteworthy Display from the Home of the Raisin, the Fig and the Vine.

"The exhibit from this county," says Ray White, its Superintendent, "is not large, from the fact that our special collection, fully showing the resources of Fresno, was sent to Columbus, Ohio, and what you see here was collected in about three days, without previous thought of attempting to make this display. Next year, however, we intend to be prepared in time and come here with an exhibit that will make the people of the State realize what wonderful resources and products that rapidly developing section is capable of furnishing."

Notwithstanding this remark by the Superintendent of the exhibit, Fresno county has on exhibition some articles of produce which speak eloquently of the great county of which they are representative. The exhibit is in the east wing of the Pavilion, near the general entrance, and is claiming marked attention of horticulturists for some striking specimens of fruits and other products displayed.

Among these is a single bunch of Muscat grapes, grown by Dr. Ball, weighing eight pounds, and which would make two and two-third pounds of "Three Crown London Layer," or "Dehesia" raisins. A bunch of Sultana grapes, on an adjoining table, weighs seven and a half pounds, a product of T. C. White's Raisiana Vineyard, and which would make over two and one-half pounds of seedless Sultana raisins. Here are brandied peaches, each of which when picked weighed 17 ounces; Bartlett pears weighing 18 ounces; mammoth German and egg plums, displayed in jars. A remarkably fine showing of London layer and Dehesia raisins, from the vineyards of T. C. White and Mr. View. These should be seen by every visitor at the fair. They are of very high quality and are excellently displayed. With them is a beautiful and most superb display of sun-dried fruit, in glass, which are extensive in variety and the Superintendent claims cannot be equaled elsewhere. They are certainly in color and quality of very highest grade. Here are also shown almonds, chestnuts, peanuts, walnuts, etc. The almonds are monarchs in size, being two inches and over in length and nearly an inch and a half in width. The Fresno grown peanuts on exhibition are of very similar dimensions, and a very few of which would make a boy a good square meal.

The display of Adriotic figs is one of the most interesting exhibits in the fair, as in quality they appear, both in color and texture, to be the equal to the Smyrna fig of commerce, while they are fully double in size and appear to be proportionately choice. It is evident then this variety has found its home in the section where these were produced, and if their quality stands the test for commercial purposes, equal to the foreign, an industry is opened and established which will be of the utmost importance, not only to Fresno county, but for all sections of the State where they can be successfully produced.

A unique display of silk is shown in cocoon, floss, thread and woven fabric. The lumber product of the county is represented by a sugar-pine board, four feet square, of excellent quality. Another promising industry is in the production of ramie, a fiber plant, which is displayed in stalk, fiber and manufactured fabrics. The latter is of remarkable texture, and suitable for many kinds of clothing. The Superintendent states that the growing of this plant is already quite extensive in the county, and the industry is growing very rapidly. Other products of special interest are rape plants, standing eight feet high; heavily headed pearl millet, four feet in hight; alfalfa, standing six feet; Indian corn, fifteen and a half feet in hight and ears twelve feet above ground; watermelons, ninety-four and eighty-eight pounds respectively, and one weighing 102 pounds was broken in being draved to the Pavilion. The full list of exhibits and exhibitors making the display is as follows:

T. C. White, raisins; Robert Barton, wines; Bray and Seacord, honey; Fresno Milling Company, a cereal display; Dr. J. H. Prather, watermelons; Dr. F. H. Ball, 8 pound bunch of Muscat grapes; T. C. White, 7½ pound bunch of seedless Sultana grapes; Ray White, Bartlett pears; R. B. Williams, Beurre Claigeau pears; W. J. McNeil, white Heath peaches; Theodore W. Borchers, yellow egg plums, Hungarian prunes and egg plant; David Cowan, peaches and pears; H. Roff, corn; J. W. Ferguson, flax; and other contributors, making a beautiful display under glass, in pyramid form, of dried peaches, nectarines, apricots, figs, almonds, chestnuts, peanuts, pinenuts, silk cocoons, reeled and woven, etc.

Fresno county, from which this display comes, is one of the largest in the State, and where water is at hand, either by rivers and natural streams, or by irrigation, is one of the most productive. The soil is generally light, and of the utmost fertility, and when sufficient moisture is obtained the extremely warm climate of the San Joaquin valley produces the most prodigal growth in all kinds of vegetation. The county extends from, and includes a portion of the Coast Range on the west of the San Joaquin valley, across the valley, and to the summit of the Sierra Nevadas on the east, having Merced and Mariposa as its northern boundary, and Tulare county on the south. It covers an area of 8,750 square miles, an extent of territory far greater than the State of Massachusetts. The portion of the county lying within the San Joaquin valley and foothills, comprising about one-half of the county, is being settled very rapidly by an energetic class of people, and this entire portion will soon teem with prosperous agricultural industries of every class. Fresno, the county seat, is already the center of the leading raisin section of the State, and the outlook now is that it will at no distant day be the banner raisin producing point of the world.

Exhibit From Tehama County.

G. H. Flournoy makes a small but very worthy exhibit from Tehama county. It is located at the east side of the north wing of the Pavilion, next to the rotunda. While the display is not large, it is of most excellent quality, and well worthy the marked degree of attention which it constantly attracts. Mr. Flournoy, who is entitled to great credit, both from the county and those interested in the State Fair, for his energy and success in making and mounting so excellent an exhibit, representative of that part of the State, says that the present display is but a forerunner of a full and thoroughly prepared exhibit of the resources of Tehama that will be made next season.

In the present display is a watermelon of the "Iron-clad" variety, which weighs 74 pounds. There are also some most excellent apples, grapes and other fruit, which conclusively determine the quality and adaptability of soil and climate for fruit growing and general agricultural purposes. Among the products exhibited are the following: Tomatoes, red, purple and yellow corn, huge crook-necked squashes, a new variety of string beans, the pods of which are about twelve inches long and one in breadth. They are said to be equal to any variety, either as a string or shelled bean. It is truly a wonder in size. Of canned fruit there are apricots, pears, Wager and McKevitt cling peaches, sun-dried peaches and apples, spiced peaches, decorated water melon preserves; of green fruits, varieties of peaches, including George's cling, late October cling, Smock's late, Salway and Bilyen's cling; Bartlett and Brockwith pears; almonds, and black Morocco, Tokay and black Hamburg grapes.

Tehama is one of the north central counties of the State. It lies across the head of the Sacramento valley, and has an area of 2,800 square miles. The Sacramento river courses through the central portion of the county from north to south, which waterway is closely followed by the California and Oregon Railroad. The county is rich in agricultural and mineral resources, and is being rapidly occupied by new settlers.

AT THE PARK.

A Splendid Day's Racing and Good Time Made.

The weather yesterday was delightful, a strong breeze blowing from the south. The track was in splendid condition, and the attendance was equal to that of any day of the week. It was the finest day of the fair, and the racing events, including running, pacing and trotting, the finest programme of the week. The stock parade in the morning drew out a large attendance and a finer exhibit of horses and cattle was never witnessed on the track. The judges were all busily engaged in making their awards, and the stock yards were thronged with spectators all forenoon.

THE SEVEN-EIGHTHS DASH.

The first event of the day was a seven-eighths running repeat race between Kildare, Oro and Blue Bonnet. They started in the order named. The judges were La Rue, Boggs and Green. Pools sold before the start, Kildare $60, Oro $35 and Blue Bonnet $15. They had a splendid send-off in the first attempt. Blue Bonnet led from the second to the finish, winning handily in 1:30¾. Kildare two lengths behind, Oro on his saddle skirts.

Just before the horses started for the second heat the judges took charge of the horse Kildare and called Cook, the rider, into the stand. The backers of Kildare claimed that he had been pulled, and that if he had been ridden to win he could have taken the heat. He crossed the score head pulled up and mouth wide open. Cook's explanation apparently was not satisfactory to the judges, for they put Hitchcock up to finish the race. Pools after this change sold, Kildare $30, Blue Bonnet $12, Oro $8. The riders now were Dennison on Blue Bonnet, Howson on Oro, and Hitchcock on Kildare. On the fourth attempt the horses had a good send-off. Kildare led from the start, Blue Bonnet second, Oro third, the two last about a length behind Kildare at the three-eighths pole. At the half pole Oro took second position. They entered the home-stretch almost in a bunch, Kildare slightly in the lead. They came down the stretch at a rattling gait, all the jockeys plying their whips. Kildare came in the score a length in advance of Blue Bonnet in 1:30. Oro third. Oro not having won a heat in two was sent to the stable. Pools sold now, $80 for Kildare, $25 for Blue Bonnet.

For the third heat the horses were started very evenly. Kildare slightly in the lead. Inside of one hundred yards from the start Blue Bonnet took the lead and led to the finish, winning by a length in 1:32½.

SUMMARY.

AGRICULTURAL PARK COURSE, Sacramento, September 13, 1888—Running; free purse for $250; seven-eighths of a mile and repeat.

G. W. Trahern names ch. m. Blue Bonnet	1	2	1
Thos. G. Kildare names ch. g. Kildare	2	1	dis
Owen Bros. name b. s. Oro	3	3	dis

Time, 1:30¾—1:30—1:32½.

TWO TWENTY-FIVE CLASS.

The trotting purse of $1,000, for the 2:25 class, mile heats, three in five, brought out eight starters in the following order: Allo, Victor, Don Tomas, Ha Ha, John R., Artist, Eva W. and Alpheus. Pools sold: Victor $120, Don Tomas $60, field $40. The appearance of Victor on the track created immense applause. The horse was driven without a check, the sulky was an old and rattling one and the driver was dressed in a dark navy suit, a la military cut, and a cap that resembled those of the British grenadiers of the Revolutionary war. The crowd was so large before the start for this race that every foot of space in the grand stand was taken and the marshals had difficulty in keeping the people off the track. It was fun to see Victor scorn. When his driver would say "whoa" to him he would stop as though he was hit in the head with a club, and would walk back to the score like an old plow-horse. He was always up on a start and the first to turn around when called back. The colors for Victor were orange and blue, but the driver's colors were all blue. When asked where was his orange he said he had it in his pocket.

After several attempts the horses were started, Allo slightly in the lead. The driver of Don Tomas cut across the track in front of Victor on the first turn. Tomas led to the half in 1:11¼. Victor a length behind, the other horses several lengths to the rear. On the homestretch Tomas forced Victor to the outside, but "Hayseed," as the driver of Victor was called, did not seem to care for that; for he pulled away and won the heat with great ease by several lengths, amid the shouts of the multitude, in 2:25½. Don Tomas second, Allo third, and the others several lengths to the rear in the following order: Ha Ha, Eva W, Alpheus, Artist.

After this heat Victor sold $140, Don Tomas $42, field $6.

In the second heat on the second attempt Victor led from score to finish, winning handily by a dozen lengths. Don Tomas made a game race, trotting at Victor's wheels to the three-quarter pole when Victor pulled away, winning the heat handily by a dozen lengths in 2:22½. The quarter was made in :36½, the half in 1:10. Eva W. was second and the other horses passed under the wire in the following order: Don Tomas, Allo, Alpheus, Ha Ha and Artist distanced. When Victor returned to the score the driver was greeted with a round of applause and the band struck up "One More River to Cross." The driver, Mr. Doherty, stopped his horse in front of the stand and taking off his oddly built cap bowed his acknowledgment to the audience and the band responded with "Chippy, Get Your Hair Cut." The interest in this race was even greater than that taken in the great stallion race of Saturday. After this heat Victor sold for $50; field $7.

For the third heat Victor had the worst of the start by two lengths, broke on the turn, caught handily and led at the quarter by two lengths in :35¼. He went to the half in 1:10½ several lengths in advance and came home easy winner by a dozen lengths in 2:24¼.

SUMMARY.

AGRICUTURAL PARK COURSE, Sacramento September 13, 1888—Trotting, purse $1,000; 2:25 class; mile heats, three in five.

G. A. Doherty names br. s. Victor	1	1	1
C. A. Durfee names bl. g. Don Tomas	2	3	3
A. C. Davenport names br. s. Allo	3	4	2
S. C. Tryon names ch. m. Eva W	5	2	4
Irving Ayers names b. h. Alpheus	6	5	5
Houser & Soule name br. s. Ha Ha	4	6	dis
J. R. Hodson names bl. g. Artist	7	dis.	
F. B. Glenn names b. g. John R.	dis.		

Time, 2:25½—2:22½—2:24½.

FOUR-YEAR-OLD TROT.

In the four-year-old trotting stake, mile heats, three in five, there were but two starters, Rose's Dubec and Shippee's Moses S. Pools sold Dubec $50, Moses S. $7. On the first attempt the horses were started with the word go. Moses S. led by three lengths to the quarter pole in :37½. At the three-eighths pole Moses S. broke and fell four lengths to the rear and Dubec trotted home, winning easily by several lengths in 2:28½. The half was made in 1:13.

The horses were sent off for the second heat very evenly, Dubec leading from score to finish, passing under the wire in a joe, Moses S. several lengths to the rear, in 2:29½. Dubec was so large a favorite that no pools could be sold on the next heat. When the horses passed under the wire for the start the judges gave the word go. Neither driver understood it, and almost pulled up on the turn; when the crowd cried "go on" they started. Dubec led by a dozen lengths and increased the distance at the half. On the homestretch the driver of Dubec pulled up to save Moses S. from being distanced, and jogged under the wire in 2:34½.

SUMMARY.

AGRICULTURAL PARK COURSE, Sacramento, September 13, 1888—Trotting stake for four-year-old; mile heats, three in five.

L. J. Rose names b. g. Dubec	1	1	1
L. U. Shippee names b. c. Moses S.	2	2	2

Time, 2:29¾—2:29¾—2:34½.

THE PACING RACE.

The pacing race, free for all, purse $800, mile heats, brought out seven starters; in the following order: Damiana, San Diego, Bracelet, Ned Winslow, Almont Patchen, Belmont Boy and Pocahontas. Pools sold: Almont Patchen $100, Belmont Boy $30, field $16. The horses scored for a number of times, and were given the word to go at 5:30. Damiana led around the turn, San Diego second, Belmont Boy off his feet. At the quarter Damiana led, Winslow second, Bracelet third, Almont Patchen fourth. From the quarter to the half Belmont Boy paced very fast and the half was reached with the horses in the following positions: Damiana, San Diego, Almont Patchen and Belmont Boy. They came into the homestretch in the same position, when San Diego went to the front and distanced the wire two lengths in advance of Belmont Boy, an easy winner in 2:21. The other horses paced over the score in the following order: Ned Winslow, Almont Patchen, Bracelet, Damiana and Pocahontas.

Pools after the first heat sold with Almont Patchen still a large favorite at $50, Field $15, Belmont Boy $7. The horses were called on the track for the second heat at six o'clock.

After five attempts the horses had a straggling send off with Pocahontas two lengths in the lead, but broke on the first turn. At the quarter Almont led, San Diego second, Ed Winslow third. Belmont Boy trotted fast from the quarter and had secured second place at the half, Bracelet third. Almont won handily on the homestretch, passing under the wire a length in advance of Belmont Boy, San Diego third, Ned Winslow fourth, Bracelet fifth, Pocahontas sixth. Damiana distanced. Time, 2:21.

At P. M. the judges postponed the race till 12 M. sharp to-day.

Between the second and third heats of the four-year-old trot, Johnny Goldsmith drove G. Val

DAILY RECORD-UNION

FRIDAY.....SEPTEMBER 14, 1888

A FALSE AND LIBELOUS CHARGE.

The daily *Alta California*, of San Francisco, entered a vigorous and well-timed protest against an infamous libel upon the women of Sacramento, uttered by the San Francisco *Post* through a department, speaking uniformly in the first person, in that journal. The Oakland *Times*, scarcely less shameless than the *Post* when it commits itself to what we quote below, says:

For some unknown reason, John P. Irish, editor of the *Alta*, undertakes to defend the authorities and citizens of Sacramento for allowing that city to be given over to ruthless and unscrupulous robbers. In making this defense, he attacks the personal character of the correspondent of the *Post*, a man named J. H. Gilmour, who told the truth about the condition of affairs in the capital city at the present time. Yesterday Gilmour swore out a warrant for the arrest of Irish on a charge of libel. Gilmour, however, is not the only newspaper man who has been observant of the flagrant disregard of law and decency in Sacramento during the fair.

It then proceeds to quote from a San Francisco contemporary a libel concerning the alleged "scantiness of the costumes of Sacramento ladies;" also of the prevalence of gaming and the presence of a large delegation of thieves, cut-throats, roughs, blacklegs and the like, for whose miserable existence Sacramento—thank God—is in no wise responsible.

Now, as a matter of fact, the editor of the *Alta* entered not one word of defense for the shameless violation of the law, or of gamblers or gambling. While he might have protested, as also might the *Times*, since it is concerned about public morals, against the regular defiant and shameful advertising of lotteries by the San Francisco journals, and the frequent sale of their advertising space and local columns to the purposes of the most demoralizing of all forms of gambling, and which advertising is especially forbidden by the statutes of the State, he did not utter a word of defense of law—violation in Sacramento, nor has any journal done so; nor will any decent paper do so. That other cities of the State should vomit upon the Capital City during fair weeks, or any other time, the scum or any part of their criminal or vicious elements, and that they should command sufficient influence to paralyze the arm of the law, is deplorable, unpardonable and disgraceful. We think this people have come to that conclusion with an emphasis that will prevent hereafter the trading of decency for the dollar, no matter who attempts it in their name. But the *Alta* made no defense of gambling or gamblers, or robbers or robbery. It defended manfully the fair fame of the women of Sacramento, who, for all womanly virtues and graces are the peers of any who breathe. The majority of the homes of Sacramento were, in effect, denounced as brothels by the scurrilous writer in the *Post*, and because of that atrocious libel upon the womanhood of the wives, mothers, sisters and daughters of our city, Mr. Irish expressed the indignation every man worthy of the name must feel. Had the *Times* read the article in the *Alta* it could not have committed itself, except by willful "cussedness," to the charge it lays at the doors of the editor of the *Alta*, nor will any man who respects the mother who bore him sympathize with the vicious assault the *Times* makes upon Mr. Irish. It is to be sincerely regretted that the gentleman should be put to any inconvenience or expense for the manifestation of a manly spirit in the defense of Sacramento homes. He will have the consciousness, however, of having deserved the esteem of a community that honors and defends its homes.

THE San Francisco *Bulletin* is another of the leading journals of the coast that has discovered in the State Fair a field for the employment of a skilled writer and one of conscientious spirit. It has shown that in the State's annual exhibition there is an immense amount of good to be found and that the exhibits in its three chief departments are teaching in the highest degree and of infinite value to all the people of the State in promoting stock raising, agriculture, horticulture, etc. The *Bulletin* representative evidently came to Sacramento to intelligently examine into the exposition rather than to wrestle in the slums of a city cursed with the overflow of vicious characters from the metropolis. Journalism is helpful to the people not only when it is bold to expose vice and error, but when it seeks out the good and disseminates the lessons of expositions of the industry, production and skill of the people and lends itself to propagating the truth concerning the State, its capacity and its invitation to the homeseeker.

THE sudden death of Prof. Richard A. Proctor, the eminent astronomer, removes from the scientific world one of its most useful working people. Prof. Proctor was more a popular astronomer than several others whose knowledge of the science is broader and deeper than was his. Very few men have done so much as he did to make a knowledge of astronomical science inviting, attractive and popular—so to speak. He was one of the best lecturers upon astronomy the world ever had; in fact no other name is now recalled in astronomical history, that has been so well known for its relation to the lecture field and to writing for popular reading upon the wonders of the entrancing science. He was the author, we are told, of more than sixty books upon astronomy and his contributions to magazine and newspaper literature could be numbered by the thousand. His death creates a vacancy that may not be filled for many years.

THE rumor comes upon fairly well-founded statements that the Democrats in the Senate propose to vote for the reconsideration of the Scott Chinese restriction bill. If they should succeed, by the aid of a few Republicans, weak from the beginning upon the Chinese question, the bill will go to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and probably die there. It is not outside of possibilities that the Administration is privy to the scheme, and that it has not intended at any time that the measure should become a law, after it had served for campaign purposes. If the Democracy can afford this shuffling is the face of the action of the Republicans in favor of the bill, and confronted with General Harrison's emphatic declaration against Chinese immigration, the Republican party can afford to have them do it. Its record is clear upon the question, and no harm can be done to it by any chicanery of the dominant party.

THE nomination of Hill for Governor of New York improves the Republican prospect in the Empire State. Hill has divided his party and it is unlikely that the several thousand Democrats who protested against his choice will submit to it and help consummate the ring scheme of which he is head center.

PACIFIC COAST.

ACQUITTAL OF EX-MAYOR EFFEY OF SANTA CRUZ.

Low Water in the Yuba—The Lowell Murderers—Unknown Body Found—Political Meetings.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

A HEARTLESS WRETCH.

Goldenson Curses His Father, Who Comes to Bid Him Farewell.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 13th.—[Special.]—The Supreme Court to-day refused to grant a writ of mandate for Goldenson's examination as to his mental condition, stating that no one could now interfere to prevent the execution of the death sentence to-morrow, except the Governor.

Goldenson's father called to-day to bid his son a last farewell. The prisoner, seeing that the old gentleman was roughly dressed, said: "G—— d—— you, why didn't you dress more decently?" and then went on with a game of checkers he was playing with his death-watch. He took little or no further notice of his father.

HIS MOTHER'S ANGUISH.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 13th—P. M.—Mrs. Goldenson paid her last visit to her son in jail this evening. She had to be assisted to the room where the interview took place. Goldenson tried to appear calm, but when she stretched out her arms and between her sobs cried, "My boy! come to me, my boy!" he sprang into her arms, ensconced himself at her knee, drew her face to his and kissed it over and over. Then the natural feelings produced by that awful moment awoke in full force, and the mother and son gave way to violent bursts of weeping. He was the first to recover, and said: "Hush, hush. What's the use of crying, any way?"

The mother replied: "I know it is no use, but how can I help it?"

When the time came for Mrs. Goldenson to leave she gave him a parting kiss. He sank on the bed with a groan, and she was led away.

PLAYING CARDS AGAIN.

The scene was piteous in the extreme. Goldenson's prostration did not last long. Half an hour after his mother left the jail he was playing a game of cards with the death-watch.

NUTS FOR LIVERMORE.

The Natoma Orchard Man Wins a Suit Brought by the Government.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 13th.—[Special.]—Three years ago R. P. Livermore sent to Spain for a hundred pounds of acorns of the cork oak, intending to distribute the same throughout California. When received the Appraisers entered the acorns as forest-tree seeds. The entry was subsequently changed to edible nuts, on which the duty was two cents a pound. Livermore was not informed of the arrival of the acorns till three months after they were laid in the warehouse. Then they were rotten, and he refused to pay the duty. The Government sued to recover the amount of the duty in opposition to the expressed wishes of Hilborn, then District Attorney, and of Carey, the present District Attorney.

The case was tried to-day, and Judge Hoffman in his charge severely scored the Treasury Department for bringing the suit. The seeds were brought in for pharmaceutic purposes, and were not dutiable, yet the Government forced the suit in which it knew it could not recover. The jury's verdict was for the defendant.

BAY POLITICS.

Democratic Parade To-morrow—A Democrat for Protection.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 13th.—[Special.]—The Democratic County Committee made arrangements this evening for a parade of all the district clubs on Saturday night.

H. K. Mitchell, of Nevada, a life-long Democrat, addressed a Republican meeting in the Western Addition. He said the issue involved such vital interests that party interests should be set aside, and that the duty of American citizens is to preserve the honor and integrity of the people. The only way to do it is to endeavor to sustain the protective policy. At one time Mitchell received a complimentary vote for United States Senator from Nevada.

ALONG THE YUBA.

Scarcity of Water in the Streams—Politics and Baseball.

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MARYSVILLE, September 13th.—The water in the streams is very low. An estimate was made to-day that the Yuba river at this point is carrying only about eight thousand inches of water. Its average depth is nine inches, in some of the foothill districts, where irrigation is practiced, there has been much complaint this season of the scarcity of the water supply.

The Marysville baseball players are making up a team to compete in the tournament at Quincy, Plumas county, next month.

The Republicans are preparing for another rousing demonstration here on the 22d or 25th inst.

The County Convention to make local nominations is to be held next Saturday.

HORSE AND WHEEL.

A $5,000 Fifty-Mile Race Between a Cowboy and a Bicyclist.

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EL PASO (Tex.), September 13th.—A match race of fifty miles between a bicycle and horse was run to-day from Silver City to Deming, N. M., for a stake of $5,000—or, rather, 250 head each of cattle valued at least $20 a head. The match was between Clayton and Bolton, two wealthy cattlemen. The race was won easily by the horse, who made the fifty miles in three hours and forty-seven minutes, while it took the bicycle four hours and thirty minutes to get over the same distance. Twenty-seven miles is hard, rough and rocky, and considered favorable to the bicycle, but twenty-three miles was more or less sandy and in favor of the horse. The horse was ridden by a cowboy named Wilson, and the bicycle by a telegraph-operator from Denver, by the name of Kennedy. The horse is a common cow-pony, but has great speed and stamina.

WIDE AWAKE.

Enthusiasm Among the Republicans of Siskiyou County.

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YREKA, September 13th.—The Republican Convention to-day nominated: For Sheriff, J. T. Moxley; Clerk, A. H. Burrows; District Attorney, J. S. Beard; Treasurer, G. A. Nordheim; Coroner, Theodore Young; Surveyor, G. H. Mitchell; Supervisors—H. S. McKinney, Joseph Cavanaugh and Oliver W. Goodale.

Cheers for Oregon, Maine, Vermont, Harrison and Morton and the county ticket were given, with speeches by Beard, Foulke, Judge Howell and others.

The Assembly District Convention met afterwards and nominated L. J. Coburn, of Del Norte county, for the First District, composed of Siskiyou and Del Norte.

ARIZONA.

Drowned While Bathing—The Aged Deserter Wanderer Found.

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PHŒNIX, September 13th.—Austin Carrington, a well-known citizen of this place, at one time in charge of the Benson Smelting Works, but latterly engaged in building the Highland canal, was drowned at 11 o'clock to-day while bathing in Salt River. His body had not been recovered at last accounts.

Old man Kemp who, while laboring under temporary aberration of mind, strayed out on the desert, was found near the old Maricopa station by one of the searching parties and brought to town this morning.

MEXICO.

Further Reports from the Flood—Devastated Sections.

CITY OF MEXICO, September 13th.—Ascala reports that the crops throughout the State are lost. Advices from Orizaba show that the loss of life by floods number forty-four persons, and that the damage to property amounts to more than $250,000.

In the State of Vera Cruz dead bodies are being found. The corn, rice and bean crops are a complete failure.

Rains continue falling throughout the State.

McGlashan at Chico.

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CHICO, September 13th.—The Republicans had another grand rally and torch-light procession this evening. C. F. McGlashan made a telling protection speech, and roasted the slanders against General Harrison on the Chinese question. He showed that the Republican party was anti-Chinese through and through, and the enemy of all cheap labor. He was in fine voice, and held his audience to the close.

A Man's Lonely Death.

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SANTA ROSA, September 13th.—The body of an unknown man was found a mile from town to-night. A companion was with him, and said he died about 5 o'clock. He was about 30 years of age, and of sandy complexion. Rids thought he died from consumption. An inquest is to be held to-morrow.

The indications to-night are good for rain.

The Lowell Murderers.

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PLACERVILLE, September 13th.—Myers, Olsen and Drager were brought into Court for sentence to-day. Counsel for Olsen and Drager made a motion for a new trial, on newly discovered evidence, founded on Myers' affidavit that he did the killing and dragged Lowell's body to the cabin, while Olsen and Drager were hid in the chicken-house. The case was continued to October 6th.

Acquitted of Embezzlement.

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SANTA CRUZ, September 13th.—During the trial of ex-Mayor Robert Effey, this afternoon, Judge McCann instructed the jury to acquit, as the charges had not been proven. The jury accordingly brought in a verdict of acquittal.

Fire at Susanville.

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SUSANVILLE, September 13th.—At half-past one o'clock this morning the house of Eli Newton was destroyed by fire in this town. Loss, $2,500; insured for $1,200. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Proposed Railroad Extension

SAN FRANCISCO, September 13th.—[Special.]—The Southern Pacific has decided to commence work at Templeton shortly, and extend its line eighteen miles for the present.

Placer County Made Happy.

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AUBURN, September 13th.—People are jubilant that Placer county won the first prize at the State Fair.

THE RAILROADS.

Why the Southern Pacific Trains Are Late.

[S. F. Call.]

Almost the entire rolling stock of the Southern Pacific Company is now equipped with automatic air-brakes of the newest and improved character. Some time ago the Directors of the Westinghouse Company came to the conclusion that the air-pipes with which the majority of the cars were furnished were too small. At their own expense they substituted for the three-quarter pipe then in use one one and a half inches in diameter, which they believed would be effectual in bringing the heaviest train to a standstill, no matter how heavy the grade or how fast the speed. A few trials of the new brake gave convincing proof that a mistake had been made, and measures were at once taken to replace the new pipes with ones of a smaller caliber. It has taken some time to do this, however, and in the meantime the railroad company has been compelled to run in the same train coaches and sleepers with air-brakes of different sizes and patterns. In consequence, the greatest care had to be exercised in running the trains. It was dangerous to make a fast rate of speed, and it frequently happened that the brakes did not answer when put on by the engineer. This has been a fruitful cause of delay, and now, that the service has been rendered uniform, there is every probability that better time will be made, both on the overland and on local trains.

CAUSE OF DELAYED TRAINS.

"The new time-table of the Union Pacific," said General Superintendent Fillmore yesterday, "is not a success. They have not been once on time at Ogden since its adoption. I have instructed Superintendent Knapp, of that division, in future to wait no longer than three hours for them. Up to the present," continued Mr. Fillmore, "we have lost a great deal of time in waiting for our connections, and it has been stated that the delays have taken place in our own road. This is not the case.

"The line of the Central Pacific in Nevada is in excellent condition. It is laid throughout, save in a few places, with sixty-pound steel rails, and the superintendents and section foremen have been cautioned to keep the road-bed in the best condition possible. We have never run any of our heavy engines in Nevada, and consequently have not broken up the track there. The line here traverses a plain, and, there being no grade to speak of, there is no necessity for the use of consolidated locomotives, which are only used on mountain grades. The locomotives in use on the two Nevada divisions are eight-wheelers, the lightest we have.

THE PORT COSTA TRACK.

"It must be taken into consideration by those who are making so much talk about late trains," continued Mr. Fillmore, "that for months past we have had the entire construction force of the Pacific Improvement Company on the double track between Oakland and Port Costa. We have had practically to work on a single line, particularly in the yards at Vallejo Junction, where the space is too narrow to admit of the existence of two tracks until the removal of the big embankment. The result has been that about 350 engines and trains daily have been using this strip of track, and delays of one kind or another are inevitable.

"The forest fires in the Sierras, too, have also been a source of delays. Time and again we have had to put down a temporary track to run our regular trains over, permitting the fire-train to occupy the main line. It would have been dangerous to have taken any other course. However, just so soon as the Union Pacific makes a change and succeeds in reaching Ogden on time, our trains will also arrive on schedule."

ANOTHER HORROR.

An Ocean Steamer Sunk and Forty-nine Lives Lost.

MADEID, September 13th.—A telegram received here says that the steamer Lawrence, when entering Port Luz, Canary Islands, this evening, ran into the Italian steamer Lud America, from Moshelido The latter vessel, which was lying at anchor, was sunk in a few minutes in ten fathoms of water. She carried 216 passengers, and had a crew of 67 men. Of these, 149 passengers and 63 of the crew reached the shore safely. Nine bodies have thus far been recovered.

For Seasickness, use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. W. W. Blackman, Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I am very much pleased with it in seasickness. Several cases have been brought to my attention where it afforded prompt and entire relief."

GENERAL NOTICES.

Advice to Mothers—Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub wakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best-known remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. MWFly

F. Baumle, 723 J street has received a new shipment of Mettwurst, Braunsweigerwurst and Schinken. All kinds of fine Cheese and other choice Sausages. Visitors and travelers are invited to call. my15

John Eitel, Assayer and Chemist, corner Seventeenth and J streets. Also buys gold. tf

The best place in California to have your printing done. A. J. Johnston & Co's, 400 J St., Sacramento, Cal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A GERMAN girl, to do upstairs work and sewing. Reference given. Address A. S., this office. 1t*

LOST—A GREYHOUND PUP; COLOR, BLUE and white, about 5 months old; answers to the name of "Kitty." Finder will leave at No. 513 Sixth street and receive reward of $5. s14 3t*

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—ESTATE OF CATHARINE LEONARD, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Eugene J. Gregory, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of CATHERINE LEONARD, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary affidavits or vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to said administrator, at the office of Isaac Joseph, attorney-at-law, No. 531 K street, Sacramento, Cal.

Dated September 11, 1888.

EUGENE J. GREGORY, Administrator.
ISAAC JOSEPH, Attorney for Administrator.
s14 5tP

Piano and Harmony Lessons

BY PROF. ZIFFERER OF VIENNA CONservatory. San Francisco, 519 Geary street; Sacramento, 1122 I street. s14-2w*

NOTICE.

C. SCHAEFER AND E GRUHLER, HERETOfore conducting business at No. 415 J street, Sacramento City, California, under the name and style of C. Schaefer & Co., have this day dissolved partnership. C. Schaefer having sold his interest in and to the business and stock to F. Bormann, who, together with E. Gruhler, will hereafter conduct and carry on said business.

All claims against the firm of C. Schaefer and E. Gruhler will be assumed by Messrs. Gruhler & Bormann.

Dated, Sacramento, September 12, 1888.

C. SCHAEFER,
E. GRUHLER,
F. BORMANN.

s14 3t

EXECUTOR'S AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

AT THE COURT-HOUSE, I STREET, BEtween Sixth and Seventh, on TUESDAY, September 18th, at 10 o'clock, we will sell at public auction the following real estate: South one-quarter lot 5, D and E, Twelfth and Thirteenth, with a good house thereon. Sale made by order of the Superior Court

W. A. HENRY, Executor.
D. J. SIMMONS, Auctioneer.
ISAAC JOSEPH, Attorney for Executor. s14 4t

Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, and every affection of the **Throat, Lungs and Chest** are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint. **CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED** by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials. The *genuine* is signed "*I. Butts*" on the wrapper. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprs., Boston, Mass. Sold by dealers generally.

FOREIGN TOPICS.

DISCOVERY OF ANCIENT RUINS IN DALMATIA.

O'Brien and Lansdowne — Schurz Defends the American Character —Novel Arrest in Canada.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

AMERICAN POLITICS.

Carl Schurz Denies Charges Against Our National Character.

BERLIN, September 13th.—Hon. Carl Schurz has written a letter to the *National Zeitung* combatting an article which appeared recently in the *Kreuz Zeitung* on alleged corruption incident to American elections. Schurz attacks especially the assertion that a Presidential election is, from first to last, merely an affair of money. He declares that the dishonoring suspicion cast upon the American National character is unjust, and denies that political life in the United States is in anywise so corrupt a pandemonium as represented. The American nation, he says, is staunch, great-hearted and self-respecting.

GREAT DISCOVERY.

The Ruins of an Ancient City Uncovered in Dalmatia.

[*Copyright*, 1888, *by the California Associated Press.*]

LONDON, September 13th.—Near Zara, Capital of the Austrian province of Dalmatia, thousands of coins of the Diocletian period and other early times, rare specimens of Grecian-Roman sculpture and Byzantine architecture probably discovered along the Dalmatian, an amphitheater, temples, catacombs and other evidence of a very highly civilized community have been unearthed.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

O'Brien Has a Rod in Pickle for the Marquis of Lansdowne.

DUBLIN, September 13th.—The agent of the Marquis of Lansdowne some time ago sought a conference with Wm. O'Brien, member of Parliament, with the object of reaching a basis of settlement with the tenants on the Luggecurran estates. Nothing was accomplished, as the agent suddenly broke off negotiations. O'Brien declares that the affair was a mere ruse, intended to keep the tenants quiet. He will take means to acquaint the people of India with the character of the new Viceroy.

EUROPEAN FLOODS.

Hundreds of Villages Submerged and Many Lives Lost.

[*Copyright*, 1888, *by the California Associated Press.*]

MILAN, September 13th.—The floods in the Tyrol are increasing. Travel and traffic are stopped. Railway communication is wholly suspended, and bridges and embankments are swept away. The Valley of Adigo is a vast lake. Hundreds of villages are submerged. Many exposed to awful currents were carried away.

The waters are gathering around Innsbruck, which is seriously threatened. The inhabitants are working night and day to raise dikes.

THE FLOODS IN AUSTRIA.

[*Copyright*, 1888, *by the California Associated Press.*]

VIENNA, September 13th.—The floods in Austria are increasing. Three-quarters of Triesta are submerged. Ten lives have been lost. There has been great damage to property. The soldiers are at work day and night building an embankment.

THE LATE OCEAN CYCLONE.

Awful Destruction of Life and Property Along the Cuban Coast.

NEW ORLEANS, September 13th.—A *Picayune* special from Havana says: In some localities along the coast, during the recent hurricane, entire fishing villages were swept away.

At Sagua one hundred corpses have been discovered, which were washed from graves, and it is believed that as many more are in the mangrove bushes.

Between Carahachas and Carahats sixteen coasting schooners are high and dry in the woods, damaged to such an extent that they will be a total loss. Fish were killed in vast numbers. Hundreds of cattle were drowned in the river, and their carcases now endanger the health of the city.

At Santo Domingo City the dead exceed fifty, and the injured seventy-five.

At Cayo Francis the lighthouse was blown down and the inmates drowned, and two large unknown vessels were wrecked. Of 46 natives known to have perished at Caribarien, the bodies of but five have been recovered.

In the Vuelta Arriba and Vuelta Abajo districts the ruin is complete. In Vuelta Abajo a number of dwelling huts were blown down, and the loss is estimated at $1,500,000. The entire fruit and vegetable crop is a complete loss.

The total number of deaths throughout the island is stated at 800.

PRACTICAL RETALIATION.

An American Bank Tourist Convicted in Canada.

[*Copyright*, 1888, *by the California Associated Press.*]

MONTREAL, September 13th.—Chas. A. Pitcher the Providence Bank defaulter, was found guilty this afternoon on a charge of bringing stolen money into Canada. His sentence was reserved. The penalty is fourteen years in the penitentiary.

This is the first conviction of the kind under the Canadian law, and will have a timely and important effect in reducing the advantages of Canada as a refuge for boodlers.

The Pope's Future Home.

[*Copyright*, 1888, *by the California Associated Press.*]

ROME, September 12th.—Mons. Schlieffino has been notified by the Vatican that in the contingency of the Pope's departure from Rome he approves of Belgium as a place of residence, on account of its neutrality, but will demand a guarantee of security from the Powers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE FAIR

PAVILION OPENS

Daily at 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and 7 P. M. to 11 P. M.

PARK!

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14th.

Ladies' ✶✶ Tournament

—AND—

AWARDING OF PRIZES

At the Park at 10 A. M

GRAND RUNNING DAY

RACES PROMPTLY AT 1 P. M.

No. 25—THE CALIFORNIA DERBY STAKE—For foals of 1885; to be run at the State Fair of 1888. Entrance, $1 0; $50 forfeit or only $10 if declared January 1, 1887; $15 if declared January 1, 1888; $25 if declared May 1, 1888; $300 added, of which $40 to second, $50 to third. One mile and a half. Thirty-one nominations.

No. 26—THE PALO ALTO STAKE—A handicap for two-year olds; $50 entrance; $25 forfeit; $50 declarations; $400 added, of which $100 is to second; third to save stake. Weights announced at 10 o'clock A. M. Saturday, September 1st. Declarations due at 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, September 3d. One mile. Twenty-one nominations.

No. 27—THE GOLDEN GATE STAKE—For three-year-olds; $50 entrance; $25 forfeit, or only $15 if declared on or before September 1st; with $400 added, of which $100 to second; third to save stake. Winner of any three-year old race at this meeting to carry five pounds extra; colts 1, 2, 3, in No. 19, allowed ten pounds. One mile and three-quarters. Eight nominations.

No. 28—THE NIGHTHAWK STAKE—For all ages; $30 entrance; $15 forfeit; $300 added, of which $100 to second; third to save stake; $200 additional if 1:43½ is beaten. Stake to be named after the winner if Nighthawk's time (1:42¾) is beaten. One mile. Twenty-six nominations.

No. 29—FREE PURSE—$750 of which $50 to second. For non-winners at this meeting. Horses that have started and not run second allowed ten pounds. Winners of any race, entered herein, may be withdrawn without penalty. One mile and a sixteenth, and repeat. Eleven nominations.

97 ——NOMINATIONS—— 97.

L. U. SHIPPEE, President.
EDWIN F. SMITH, Secretary.

TURNER OPERA HOUSE

SUNDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 16TH, Last Performance of

BABY BOY MINSTREL

Benefit of D. J. SIMMONS. s14-2t

CHANGED DAILY FOR HALE BROS. & CO.—SEPTEMBER 14, 1888.

During the Fair our Stores Will Remain Open Until 8 P. M.

A ✶ THOUGHT ✶ TO ✶ THIS !

ENTERPRISE with

HALE BROS. & CO.

is as restless as the waves of the sea. No matter how far it may roll in its waves of success, it only gathers new strength for the next return.

MIND THIS!

The unmistakable evidence of that enterprise is witnessed in the trade they command. Each season better than the previous one; every day one of progress.

CAN THEY NOT ALSO SERVE YOU ?

HALE BROS. & CO.

Corner of Ninth and K streets, Sacramento.

THERMALITO!

The Home of the Orange, Olive and Vine.

$20,000 Hotel Only $860!

THE BEAUTIFUL PIONEER COLONY OF BUTTE CO., CAL.

THERMALITO WAS SURVEYED INTO TOWN LOTS, 50X150, AND 90X160 feet, and in 1, 2, 5 and 10-acre lots, in June, 1887. Of these lots, 940 were offered for sale direct at $100 per acre. Terms of sale, one-third cash, one-third in one year, and balance in two years at 8 per cent per annum. Over one-half of these lots have been sold to bona fide purchasers, who have personally examined the land, soil, location, and water-power and supply, on all of which

☞ THERMALITO CHALLENGES COMPARISON. ☜

☞ WITH THIS MONEY A ☜

$20,000 HOTEL!

Is now being erected, and will be the LARGEST HOTEL in the State north of Sacramento. It is 101 feet wide, 138 feet long, and has an extreme elevation of 80 feet. Standing on a bluff 80 feet above Feather river, with Marysville Buttes in plain view, its situation is at once grand and impressive. Next, a $5,000 BRICK STORE AND HALL is being built. Also,

One $2,500 Cottage, one $2,000 Cottage, two $1,500 Cottages, two $1,000 Cottages, four $375 Cottages, and $1,000 worth of Ornamental Trees Planted.

Also, the streets adjoining the lots are being graded, and water is now piped, and being brought in pipes to each lot under a PRESSURE of from 100 to 150 FEET, to be used FREE FOR THREE YEARS, and at a low rate of Ten Cents per miner's inch for twenty-four hours' flow.

THERMALITO

ADVERTISES NOTHING that is not to be seen on the tract. It has now 250 acres of Orange Trees from two to ten years old. The healthy location, magnificent view, fine water supply are vouched for. Soil from ten to twenty feet deep, covered with large oaks or cleared to suit purchasers.

Sacramento Agent.....NEWTON SEWELL,
815 Second street, near Passenger Depot. MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

ANY PERSON DESIRING TO THROW money away can be accommodated by patronizing the glass-case game in front of Jack Smith's saloon, on the 2-cent case, as I was so robbed. [1t*] ROBERT HAMILTON.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the California Hospital for the Chronic Insane at room 6, Archer Building, First street, San Jose, Santa Clara county, California, up to WEDNESDAY, October 10, 1888, at 10:30 A. M., for the construction of the following work for the California Hospital for the Chronic Insane, viz.:

Carpenter Shop and Morgue,

Concrete Floors and Railroad Track.

As will be designated by the architect on the plans and specifications now on file in his office. All of the above plans and specifications can be seen and information had from 9 o'clock A. M. to 5 o'clock P. M. every day up to and including the 9th day of October, 1888, (Sundays excepted) at the office of Jacob Lenzen & Son, architects, No. 75 East Santa Clara street, San Jose. All proposals must be accompanied by a good and sufficient bond in an amount equal to 10 per cent of the bid or bids presented, which amount shall be forfeited to the people of the State of California, as settled, fixed and liquidated damages, in case the bidder to whom award of contract is made shall fail or refuse to enter in such contract and furnish such bonds for the faithful performance of the same as the Board of Trustees may require within one (1) day after such award.

All bids must be addressed to L. G. Nesmith, Secretary of the Board of Trustees of the California Hospital for the Chronic Insane, San Jose, Santa Clara county, California. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved by the Board. Blank proposals will be furnished by the architect. L. G. NESMITH, Secretary.

s14 4tF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DEAKIN ART SALE!

BELL & CO.....AUCTIONEERS,

ARE INSTRUCTED TO SELL BY EDWIN DEAKIN, ARTIST, ON

MONDAY.....September 17th,

AT 2 AND 7 O CLOCK P. M.,

AT SALESROOM.....417 K STREET,

HIS ENTIRE COLLECTION OF

ELEGANT PAINTINGS!

NOW ON EXHIBITION AT THE PAVILION, COMPRISING:

Rustic Scenes, Mountain and Mountain Lakes, Oil Paintings, Scenes in Paris and Studies of California Grapes.

☞ The entire collection to be sold without reserve. The salesroom will be fitted for the occasion. Parties having Fair Catalogues please retain them for the sale.

s6 3t BELL & CO., Auctioneers.

FOR SALE.

1 Platform Spring Wagon, 23 inches wide, 12-plate springs; suitable for fruit wagon.

1 Two seated Carriage; will carry six persons.

2 Fine Phaetons of best workmanship.

1 Heavy Side Spring Buggy.

2 Good Anvils.

A lot of Carriagemakers' and Blacksmiths' Tools and a General Outfit of a first-class Carriage-making Factory.

Also, Vises, Benches, etc.

W. F. KUHNLE,

1110, 1112, 1114, and 1116 K street.

s14-2t

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

CHAS. P. HALL.....Lessee
L. HENRY.....Business Manager

Engagement Extraordinary

OF THE CELEBRATED ACTRESS,

Miss Rose Wood

Supported by the celebrated

CALIFORNIA DRAMATIC COMPANY!

A Repertoire of Eastern Successes:

TUESDAY.....} BLACKMAILER!
WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY.....} RED POCKETBOOK!
FRIDAY.....} MAY BLOSSOM!

OTHER ANNOUNCEMENTS LATER.

A carload of New and Elegant Scenery from the brush of the celebrated artist, Mr. JOHN WILKINS.

PRICES.....50 and 75 cents.
Reserved seats without extra charge.

CLUNIE OPERA HOUSE.

C. P. HALL.....Lessee
L. HENRY.....Business Manager

The Latest Gems of Minstrelsy!

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY, September 10th,

And every evening during the week, with MATINEE SATURDAY.

Special Engagement

COTTON & MOTT'S

REFINED MINSTRELS

The Old Original

BEN COTTON!

25—ARTISTS—25.
4—END MEN—4.
FULL BRASS BAND.
NOVEL STREET PARADE.
WATCH FOR IT!

POPULAR PRICES.....50 and 75 Cents.

☞ No extra charge for Reserved Seats. On Sale Saturday. s7-

TURNER HALL OPERA HOUSE.

H. S. FOSTER.....Manager.

MINSTRELS TO-NIGHT.

GENERAL ADMISSION.....25 CENTS.
RESERVED SEATS.....[s11-tf].....50 CENTS

AUCTIONS.

W. H. SHERBURN,

Auctioneer.

SALESROOM, 323 K STREET.

REGULAR SALESDAYS,

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

☞ Owing to the great increase in my Auction business, I have determined to close out at private sale all of my large stock of CROCKERYWARE, GLASSWARE, CUTLERY, etc., etc.

☞ Bedrock prices on Plates, Cups and Saucers, Goblets, Fruit Dishes, Hotel Ware, in fact everything in the above line. Call and get bargains.

No. 323 K Street.

BELL & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
☞ No. 927 K Street ☜

Salesdays, Wednesdays & Saturdays.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HOUSEhold Goods of all kinds. Strict attention given to all Ranch, Stock and House Sales. Terms moderate. tf

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, Poultry, **500 PAGE BOOK on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.**

CURES—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation.
A. A.—Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B. B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D. D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E. E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F. F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G. G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H. H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I. I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J. K.—Diseases of Digestion.

Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Witch Hazel Oil and Medicator, **$7.00**
Price, Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - **.60**

Sold by Druggists, or Sent Prepaid on Receipt of Price.
Humphreys' Med. Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for

Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—Humphreys' Medicine Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

Dr. Ricord's Restorative PILLS.

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE; SPECIFIC for exhausted vitality, physical debility, was

LIBRARY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

DAILY RECORD-UNION

PUBLISHED BY THE

SACRAMENTO PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Publication Office, Third st., bet. J and K.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

Is published every day of the week, Sundays excepted. Double-sheet on Saturdays.

For one year.....$6 00
For six months.....3 50
For three months.....2 00

Subscribers served by Carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week. In all interior cities and towns the paper can be had of the principal Periodical Dealers, Newsmen and agents.

THE WEEKLY UNION

Is the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast.

Terms, One Year.....$2 00

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

NOT GUILTY.

Thomas Kerwin Acquitted of the Crime of Assault With Intent to Murder.

On account of several other cases that had to be tried in the Police Court yesterday morning, the one of the People vs. Thomas Kerwin was set for 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The first witness placed upon the stand was Deputy Coroner George Clark. He testified to having known the Kerwins and also to having made an examination of the premises the morning after the fire. He produced to the Court the articles that were found, including two tin cups, a bucket and some material which were said to be the ashes of burned bones. They were offered in evidence by the prosecution.

Mrs. W. E. Spillner, the owner of the premises on which the fire occurred, was the next witness. She testified to the effect that the Kerwin boys, Tom and John, came to her saloon in a buggy between the hours of 5 and 6 o'clock Sunday evening, September 2d. Tom called for a couple of glasses of beer, and then seeing "Shorty" inside asked that individual to drink. They all drank, then "Shorty" proffered to treat. Three more glasses of beer were drawn. When they had finished "Shorty" said: "This is a Kentucky treat and each one pays for himself." Tom Kerwin considered himself insulted by this remark and struck "Shorty" a blow which knocked him down behind the bar. He then picked him up and threw him against the ice-chest, his head striking the edge of it. Tom Kerwin then kicked him with his foot. The injured man was then taken into the kitchen, where Mr. Spillner and John Kerwin washed his face, which was covered with blood, flowing from a wound on "Shorty's" lip. Tom Kerwin told witness she had better lock the door, as he would go in and fix "Shorty" if she didn't.

Peter Fisher, the next witness, testified to his having been in the yard at the time of the quarrel, and saw nothing of it. He was called into the house afterward to help take "Shorty" to the barn. They did so and he (Fisher) returned and brought the injured man a cup of water, which he drank. He then went from the barn, and upon returning a few minutes later, heard the crackling of flames. He rushed to the door of the barn to look after "Shorty," but that individual was nowhere to be seen, the place where he had been laid being deserted. He told several persons that it was all right, the man was not in the barn. Upon cross-examination, the witness stated that "Shorty" might have gone out through a back door of the barn and not have been seen.

Thomas Kerwin, the defendant, then testified, nearly reviewing the testimony of Mrs. Spillner, although Tom claimed that he only slapped "Shorty," and did not kick him while he was on the floor. John Kerwin's testimony was to the effect that he had seen the quarrel and helped escort "Shorty" to the barn. "Shorty" walked right along to the barn. They did not drag him, as one eye-witness claimed.

Mr. W. E. Spillner's testimony was about the same as the rest of the witnesses. He claims though that "Shorty" did not walk to the barn, but was dragged all of the way, and was apparently half dead. He did not know where the Kerwin boys went after that.

Officer Frazee said he went to the fire and tried to find "Shorty" (whose name he now knew to be Wm. Hansen), but his search was fruitless. He examined the barn after the fire and found bullion and ashes which appeared to be those of bone. He also found what he thought to be several small clumps of hair, and all these things aroused his suspicions that the man "Shorty" was burned.

James Coyle, a farmer on the Lower Stockton road, testified that "Shorty," whose right name was William Hansen, worked for him on his thrasher but left on the 15th of July last.

Mrs. De Longe, who lives at the Three-mile House on the Freeport road, said that she saw "Shorty" on Sunday morning before the fire, and that he told her he was going to town to buy some underclothing. That was the last she saw of him.

James Welch, a farmer on the Freeport road, who lives just below Willow Slough, testified that William Hansen came to his place Monday evening, and applied for something to eat and lodging. He was accommodated, and on the following morning (Tuesday) he departed. Hansen was pretty badly bruised about the face, one eye being nearly closed, and his lower lip was very much swollen.

Another witness swore that he saw "Shorty," whom he always called "Bill," at the Sutterville House on the Riverside road on Monday morning. His countenance gave evidence that he had been in a fight. Witness treated him twice.

William Grundeville, son of the proprietor of the Sutterville House, testified to the same effect, and described "Shorty" so that it seemed impossible that he could be mistaken in the man.

Dr. Reed, a dentist, examined one of the bones which officer Frazer had found in the ruins, and said he was almost positive that it was a human tooth. He would not swear to it, however.

Mrs. M. H. Holland, who resides at Twenty-second and S streets, testified that the Kerwin boys were at her place when the fire started, talking to her boys.

Several other witnesses were introduced, and the case on both sides rested.

Judge Buckley reviewed the case, and found the defendant "not guilty."

Sacramento's Champion.

Hon. John P. Irish, of the San Francisco *Alta*, arrived in the city yesterday noon and delivered the annual address in behalf of the Directors of the State Agricultural Society at the State Exposition Building last night. Being asked in regard to the announcement that Gilmour, who it is alleged wrote the scurrilous article about Sacramento published in the *Post* a few days ago, and which was so sharply criticised by the *Alta*, had brought a criminal action for libel against him, Mr. Irish said: "Yes; I understand that a warrant had been issued for my arrest. I do not care anything about that, but I do feel the injustice done me by the Oakland *Times* this morning, when it says that I undertook the defense of the gamblers and the officials of Sacramento who permitted gambling. I did nothing of the kind. The article was aimed entirely at the gross and inexcusable insult to the good women of Sacramento. It was that insult that I resented, and resented with a feeling of regret that the resentment could not be put in more tangible and forcible form: because it is my judgment that no man has a right to an asylum in a country who uses that kind of language about its people."

Appointments.

The Governor has made the following appointments:

Notaries Public—A. B. Preston, Jamestown, Tuolumne county; V. A. Gegg, San Luis Obispo; Wm. R. Faris, Eureka.

Allen Lee Boors, Commissioner of Deeds for the State of California, to reside at Detroit, Mich.

Lindley's Cherub Tea.

Thirsty thousands try this tea. Do not fail to get a cup of it. It is given away nightly at the Pavilion.

THE display of fish at George Cooper's market, 516 K street, to-day, eclipses anything ever seen before in this city. He has men employed in different parts of the State who supply his market. Call and see the grand display. You will find no drug-store prices at this market. *

LIEBIG DISPENSARY INTERNATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE.—Dr. Liebig & Co., at 1007½ Fourth street, Sacramento, three last days of Fair, 13th, 14th and 15th. Chronic private complicated diseases of either sex successfully treated, also deformities of every kind. Consultation free. *

THE WOOL-GROWERS.

Meeting of the State Association—Licenses on Migration of Sheep.

A meeting of wool-growers was held at Pioneer Hall at 10 o'clock A. M. yesterday, the following gentlemen being present: Thomas McConnell, T. M. Grimshaw, E. H. Tryon, Dr. Caples, Oliver Plummer, S. B. Moore, George Tavener and G. W. Weiss, of Sacramento; J. H. Kirkpatrick, of Stanislaus; Louis Meiss, James H. Miller, of El Dorado county; Robert Parry, of Red Bluff, and H. P. Gallagher.

S. B. Moore, of Sacramento, was elected Chairman, and J. H. Kirkpatrick Secretary.

Mr. Kirkpatrick was called upon to state the object of the meeting. He said that at present sheep men who pastured their sheep in one county during a part of the year, and drove them to mountain counties during the summer, were subjected to an unjust license tax by ordinances of the Boards of Supervisors of the mountain counties. The license tax was usually $50 on each thousand sheep. In some counties the ordinances were passed in the interest of horse and cattle men, who wanted to keep out the sheep, and in others for the sole purpose of raising revenue. The sheep men felt that they were discriminated against, and were subjected to double taxation. The Supreme Court had decided that the ordinances were constitutional, and the sheepmen of this section of the country had combined and made an effort to get a case before the Federal Courts, under the Fourteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution. In this they had not succeeded so far, and he thought the best way would be to appoint a committee to work with candidates for the Legislature and try and have the so-called county government bill amended so as to prevent the Boards of Supervisors from imposing the license. These ordinances made it a misdemeanor for a sheepman to drive his sheep into the county and pasture them without taking out a license, and one man had been confined in jail nineteen days in Alpine county for a violation of the ordinance.

Robert Barry, of Tehama county, gave his experience in driving sheep into Trinity county. He went up there and bought a lot of land for $3 per acre upon which the rate of taxation was $3 50 on the $100, of taxable valuation. The country was so brushy that he could not drive his sheep in until he cut the road and then he was subjected to a license, too, of $50 per thousand head of sheep. He was raised under the English Government and knew something of the injustice of English laws, but he defied any man to point to any law in the country which sanctioned such an injustice as this.

H. P. Gallagher, of Nevada county, gave the experience of himself and others in Sierra county. He declared that the ordinance was enforced in that county against certain sheep men while others were allowed to drive sheep in and were not asked to pay anything, or were let off by the Sheriff with a nominal sum.

Dr. Caples, of Elk Grove, denounced the law as a high-handed outrage upon justice, and said that there ought to be no difficulty in inducing the Legislature to amend it.

Thomas McConnell moved that a committee of seven be appointed to carry out the idea suggested by Mr. Kirkpatrick. The motion prevailed and the following committee was appointed: J. H. Kirkpatrick, of Stanislaus; James H. Miller, of El Dorado; Thomas McConnell and Dr. Caples, of Sacramento; G. C. Kimball, of Tehama; H. P. Gallagher, of Nevada, and J. M. C. Jasper, of Butte.

Mr. Kirkpatrick suggested that this was the time for the annual meeting of the State Wool-Growers' Association, and as the President, Jesse D. Carr, had not called the meeting, he moved that they proceed to elect officers for the ensuing year. The motion prevailed and resulted in the election of Thomas McConnell, President, and J. H. Kirkpatrick, Secretary.

Mr. Kirkpatrick said that the wool-growers were interested in the present political crisis, and there was a general feeling that if protection was going to be the rule the sheepmen ought to be entitled to their share of it. He disclaimed any desire to take any partisan advantage, but thought the wool industry should be protected if any other industry was. He suggested the appointment of a committee to draw up an address on that subject.

Dr. Caples said that he did not see the point, propriety or wisdom of the action. Any address of that kind would necessarily be one-sided, and would not represent the wool-growers, as they were divided on the question. They had met to join hands and act in concert and remedy an existing evil, and to pass resolutions or adopt an address in favor of a protective tariff or against it would only tend to divide the wool-growers, instead of bringing them into harmony. This was neither the time nor place for such action. He always had the courage to support his convictions, and if the tariff question was brought up he should be like the man at the Donnybrook Fair—if there was going to be any fun he proposed to have a hand in it.

Mr. Kirkpatrick withdrew his suggestion, and the subject was dropped.

Mr. McConnell, as President of the State Wool-Growers' Association, expressed the hope that the next annual meeting would be largely attended. In the meantime he urged the committee of seven, appointed on the license question, to work actively for the accomplishment of the end in view.

The meeting then adjourned to meet during the State Fair of 1889, at the call of the President and Secretary.

Seriously Injured.

Mrs. George W. King, her sister, Miss Young, and Mrs. King's four-year-old daughter, were riding in a buggy in the vicinity of the Sacramento and Yolo bridge, yesterday morning, when the horse took fright and ran away. As the buggy careened to one side the occupants were thrown to the ground. Mrs. King was bruised about the head, her daughter had her collar bone broken, and Miss Young escaped with a severe shaking up. The horse continued to run, and was stopped at Twelfth and N streets. One shaft of the buggy was broken and the buggy was otherwise damaged.

G. A. Basler's Death.

In a dispatch from Seattle, published yesterday morning, announcing the killing at that place of G. A. Basler, formerly a livery-stable keeper in this city, by Ferdinand A. Kline, it was stated that Basler had two divorced wives, and that there was a woman at the bottom of the trouble which resulted in his death. His brother, William H. Basler, of this city, called yesterday and desired it stated that Basler had but one divorced wife, and that he did not think there was any woman in the case at all; that it was simply trouble about money matters.

Died of His Injuries.

George Farlow, the man mentioned in the RECORD-UNION yesterday morning as having fallen through the trestle at Sixth and R streets on the previous night, died of his injuries yesterday as he was being removed from the Receiving Hospital to a private hospital. Deceased was a bachelor about 60 years of age and lived in Yolo county between Blacks and Cacheville. He has a nephew living in Yolo county who has been telegraphed for. The remains were taken to the Morgue.

The Columbus Exhibit.

A telegram from Columbus, Ohio, after speaking of the exhibition in general, says: "In addition to these features the carload of fresh fruit purchased by the citizens of Sacramento and forwarded to Columbus arrived to-day, and was at once placed on exhibition at the Centennial Exposition grounds. Each article is wrapped with paper upon which is printed, 'Compliments of the citizens of Sacramento.' The exhibit attracted unusual attention. It is in charge of E. K Alsip."

The City Bond Case.

The taking of testimony in the case of Samuel Davis vs. the City of Sacramento, was concluded in Department One of the Superior Court yesterday, Judge John Hunt, Jr. of San Francisco, presiding. Plaintiff was allowed thirty days to file brief, defendant twenty days to reply, and plaintiff ten days thereafter to reply to defendant's brief.

Delightful Weather.

The highest and lowest temperature yesterday was 85° and 56°, with fresh to brisk southerly winds and clear weather with a rising barometer. The average temperature was several degrees cooler than the normal.

TWENTY thousand citizens of Sacramento can testify to the merits of the solid iron frame Mathushek pianos. Over 800 of this make in use in Sacramento for the last twenty years and not one failure. First premium at the State Fair and silver medal at the Mechanics' Fair, San Francisco. See the new style "H" at Cooper's music store.*

MAGNIFICENT GIFTS.

The City Receives from a Citizen Some Beautiful Works of Art.

The city of Sacramento has received from one of her citizens a magnficenti collection of works of art—a fitting supplement to the splendid benefaction of Margaret E. Crocker, to whose great-heartedness and liberality there stands in this city a monument of the most enduring character, while in the hearts of our people there is affectionately recorded to her credit that which time can never obliterate. The gentleman who was the first to whom Mrs. Crocker communicated her wishes, in bestowing her art gallery upon the people of Sacramento, and through whom her resolution was conveyed to the Association selected as custodian of her bounty, and over which society he then presided, went to Europe last winter for the benefit of his then declining health. While in Rome he resolved to secure for his home city several of the best examples of sculpture procurable there. This he did and communicated the fact to Hon. Newton Booth, then President of the California Museum Association. That society, by its directory, acknowledged the gift of Mr. David Lubin, and appointed its Treasurer, James I. Felter, to secure the free entry of the goods under the provision permitting art works for public institutions to come in duty free. Mr. Felter has been some time in communication with the Federal officials on the subject, and on Wednesday the friends of the Association were gratified by the delivery at the E. B. Crocker Art Gallery of the five pieces of sculpture. They have been unpacked and placed, and to-day the beautiful gifts of Mr. Lubin will be found gracing the vestibule of the Art Gallery, giving new character to that beautiful example of architecture and supplying in part a great need—that of a complete collection of fine sculpture for the art rooms, and which it is to be hoped the present example will stimulate other public-spirited citizens to supply. These marbles now received will serve admirably to supplement the fine collection of casts studied by the pupils of the Sacramento School of Design and of which, by the way, the donor of the marbles, in connection with Mr. Weinstock, was the giver. While these marbles, by letter of presentation, are given to the California Museum Association, they are practically the property of the city of whose gallery the association is a life tenant. The pieces are five in number, three mounted upon green marble revolving pedestals and columns of exquisite fineness and graceful chiseling. The first is a bust of Washington and is probably one of the most finished and artistic copies of the famous Houdan Washington ever produced. The second is a bust of "America." In conception, expression and finish it is a rarely beautiful marble. The third is a bust of Apollo and the fourth of Diana, and they are each of the first order of modern sculpture. The fifth is a copy, pronounced of the first order, of the "Crouching Venus," of the Vatican. In the exquisite proportions of the form, in the chaste expression and the graceful pose of the figure, it is one of the most beautiful of marbles and excites not alone the admiration of every person who looks upon it, but enthusiasm over its artistic loveliness. The Venus crouches upon a slab, upheld by entwined dolphins, whose heads rest upon a heavily molded base. The column thus formed is chiseled from dark green marble and is in itself a work of high excellence. The Apollo and the Diana busts are upheld by revolving capitals of white marble on columns of African marble, with base and podium of Carrara marble. These two, by mistake, have been supplied with bases too small, but the error will be speedily rectified. As to three of the busts opinions will divide upon their rank, but concerning the fourth, there will be but one verdict, for the "America" is the happy realization of the Florentine artist's conception. The head and bust of a beautiful female, typical of the American woman, with a countenance clothed with modesty, but strong and vigorous. The half cast-off robe, the flowing hair and upward gaze, indicate conscious freedom, and speak of fearlessness. Circlets in the ears and a feather thrust through the hair are typical of the aboriginal races of the continent. A circlet over the brow bearing the eagle and shield, tell of nationality. A necklace of medallions with the cameo portraits of great Americans, and from which depends that of Washington, while a girdle, clasped by the shield of the Union completes the interpretation of the artist's fancy. All the figures are of purest Carrara marble. The Diana and Apollo were chisled in Rome, the others in Florence. The two first were cut by Andrioni, and the Washington and America by Professor Romanelli. The collection, though of but five pieces, greatly augments the attractiveness of the gallery and will be thoroughly appreciated by the people of California. The gallery will be open to-day from 10 to 5 and to-morrow from 2 to 5, will be "free to-day." The Directors of the State Agriculture Society were last evening invited by President Green to visit the gallery and view the works of art.

A POOR ORPHAN.

A Scarlet Woman Skips the Town and Leaves Her Lover to Rustle.

For several days past a young blood from San Francisco who is somewhat of a politician and a trainer of prize-fighters, has been riding around the city in hacks in company with a siren whose favorite color of costume is scarlet. The young man is well known on Kearny street, in the wicked city by the bay. He and his "chippie" went to the high-toned restaurants and ordered the most expensive meals, and put up at a lodging-house on K street between Front and Second. They got along nicely until Wednesday evening, at the restaurant, when he insisted on a larger dividend than she was willing to give him. He became belligerent and she pulled a pistol and was about to perforate his worthless carcass with pellets of lead when he skipped through an open window and escaped with a whole hide. Later in the day she took a trip down the Riverside road, and he also drove up at a wayside saloon on that turnpike about 11 o'clock. He found her drinking wine with a lot of San Francisco toughs, and a happy reconciliation was the result. He succeeded in getting her into a back room and gave her a good thrashing. He then skipped back to the city. The woman came back as soon as her wounds were dressed, and in the gray dawn of the morning, while her lover slept, she skipped to the Bay on the Oregon express. He got up yesterday morning and had not the wherewith to purchase his breakfast. The woman who had purchased his meals, his clothes, his cigars, and furnished him with sporting money, had skipped, and he was left to the cold charities of the world. If he attends the races the balance of the week he will have to climb over the fence, and he will take his meals like other ordinary tramps, out of the swill barrels in the alley in the rear of the hotels and chop-houses. He is worse than an orphan, for his dude attire, little cane and dicer hat do not appeal to the sympathy of those upon whom he attempts to levy alms.

POLICE COURT.

The "Change Racket" Man Convicted—Other Cases.

In the Police Court yesterday morning the case of Charles Eisen, charged with vagrancy, was dismissed for want of prosecution.

Charles Bernhardt, a barkeeper at the Mechanics' Hotel, was tried on a charge of battery, the complainant being one Henry Miller. Bernhardt was defended by ex-City Attorney E. C. Hart. From the evidence it appeared that Miller had called the barkeeper vile names and brought the punishment he got upon himself. Bernhardt was discharged.

Mrs. Larcener was up again on a charge of being drunk, but was discharged.

There appeared upon the calendar a charge of passing counterfeit money against "Morning Star." A dark-skinned Spaniard was told to stand up as a representative of the "morning star," but as there was no complaint on file against him he was discharged.

G. W. Young was tried and found guilty of petit larceny. He is the man who worked the "change racket" on the clerks at Agricultural Park and afterwards gave officer Frazee such a lively chase on Front street. He protested his innocence and that he never stole a cent in his life. He had come here with Sells' Bros. circus and remained over to enjoy himself at the State Fair. E. C. Hart defended Young and tried to show that it was only a mistake in making change, but the evidence was too strong against that theory.

Ed. Gray, who was arrested for conducting a shell game, had his case continued until the 17th, on motion of his attorney, E. C. Hart.

THE STATE FAIR.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

extensive cornfields while passing this farm on the up-river steamers, which pass there almost daily, is almost enchanted with the beauty and grandeur presented to the view. The Kirkville grain-yard and Kirkville landing are upon the upper part of the farm, and thousands of tons of grain can be seen piled in the grain-yard that has been weighed on Bugbey's scales and awaiting shipment to market.

A Fence Stretched Up.

It is noticed that since Monday's issue of the RECORD UNION, in which appeared an article and cut describing the Australian patent wire fence stretcher and fastener that the wire fence in front of the grand stand at Agricultural Park has been fitted up with this little device and presents a much neater and more serviceable appearance than when hanging loose as before. This shows that the Directors of the State Agricultural Society are not slow to appreciate and take advantage of a good thing when they see it.

Lindley's Cherub Tea.

Lindley & Co. have a tea booth near the main entrance, where they dispense hot tea free. They are literally besieged with visitors, who are waited on by pretty maids in Japanese costume.

Art in Photography.

Gregory's art parlor in the Pavilion was the center of attraction for a large throng of people last night. The direct work in large sized portraits are the finest on the coast.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Judge W. C. Van Fleet returned yesterday from San Francisco, and will hear the law calender in Department Two to day.

Wm. Buckley was yesterday appointed a Director of the Santa Clara Valley Agricultural Association, vice H. W. Seale, deceased.

Governor Waterman has declined to attend the banquet of the Mexican Veterans at San Francisco to-night. Last night he sent his regrets by telegram.

Lieutenant J. E. Mayfield, Inspecting Officer Signal Service, U. S. A., occupied two days in inspecting the Signal Office in this city, and left for San Francisco yesterday afternoon.

Officer Carroll arrested two men yesterday afternoon for stealing a sack of tapioca from the store of Adams, McNeill & Co. The thieves were taken to the police station, gave the names of Frank Johnson and William Daly, and were charged with petit larceny.

Mrs. Goldenson, mother of the murderer of Mamie Kelly, came up from San Francisco again yesterday morning, and attempted to get another interview with Governor Waterman. She did not succeed, and returned to the Bay on the afternoon train. Goldenson is to be hanged to-day.

Yesterday the State Board of Examiners purchased for the benefit of the State school fund the $25,000 worth of Santa Clara bonds, the interest of which has been paid since 1883 to James Saultry, who was a guard at the San Quentin prison and had both his arms blown off by the explosion of a cannon he was ordered to fire at a Fourth of July celebration. Saultry died on August 13th at San Rafael.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.—To-night Miss Rose Wood, the accomplished actress, supported by the Vinton-Holden Company, will present the beautiful play, "May Blossom," and will unquestionably do it justice.

CLUNIE OPERA HOUSE.—Cotton & Mott's Minstrels appear again this evening. It will be the last opportunity but one to see Ben Cotton in old-time and genuine minstrelsy. There was a good house last night, and the applause was sincere and constant. The "singing skater" made a decided hit.

TURNER HALL.—The Black Baby Boy Minstrels to-night, the last but one.

E. B. CROCKER ART GALLERY.—The new sculpture just received can be seen from 10 A. M to 5 P. M.

BENEFIT.—Sunday evening Manager D. J. Simmons will take a benefit at Turner Hall. The Black Baby Boy Minstrels will give a special performance on that occasion and introduce all their specialties.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

B. Daniels, of Ione City, is in town.

Hon. C. S. Young, of Rio Bonito, came down yesterday, and will remain until the close of the fair.

Miss Julia Goodell started for Massachusetts last evening, expecting to be absent a year or more.

Rev. Wm. H. Hill and wife have returned from their trip to Lake Tahoe, and are at the Western.

Miss Mary A. Murphy, of Kelsey, is visiting this city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Katie H. Anderson.

Loy Fond Wen, the popular Chinese doctor of this city, leaves for China on the next steamer. He will be accompanied by his wife.

Fred. H. Harvey, son of Dr. Obed Harvey, of Galt, has gone to Boston, where he will enter upon a four years' course at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Deakin Art Sale.

Bell & Co., 927 K street, will on Monday afternoon and evening, at 2 and 7 o'clock, sell by auction the entire collection of elegant paintings by the distinguished artist, Edward Deakin, now on view at the Pavilion. Deakin took the gold medal for the finest collection last year at the State Fair. He declined, in justice to other artists, to enter for it again this year, but takes a leading money award. He is a landscape artist of widely recognized ability. His paintings in the fair speak for his artistic excellence. The collection includes landscapes, valley and mountain, American views, foreign studies, grapes, architectural and street views, rustic scenery, Wassatch and Sierra mountain views, Donner, Great Salt Lake and other studies. It is understood that the paintings will be sold with or without the frames. It is an exceptionally fine opportunity to secure some fine pictures.

An Explanation.

What is this "nervous trouble" with which so many seem now to be afflicted? If you will remember, a few years ago the word "malaria" was comparatively unknown—to-day it is as common as any word in the English language—yet this word covers only the meaning of another word used by our forefathers in times past. So it is with nervous diseases, as they and malaria are intended to cover what our grandfathers called biliousness, and all are caused by troubles that arise from a diseased condition of the liver, which, in performing its functions, finding it cannot dispose of the bile through the ordinary channel, is compelled to pass it off through the system, causing nervous troubles, malaria, bilious fever, etc. You who are suffering can well appreciate a cure. We recommend Green's August Flower. Its cures are marvelous.

BICYCLES, tricycles, velocipedes, on installments. A. J. Pommer, 806 J. *

PROF. ZIFFERER of the Vienna Conservatory will resume his class October 4th. *

MARRIED.

Routier's Station, September 12—By Rev. George R. Bird, Edward F. Putney of Oakland and Mary Boyd of Routier's, Sacramento county. *

BORN.

Sacramento, September 4—Wife of J. L. Siller, a son.

DIED.

Seattle, September 12—George A., eldest son of Mrs. A. M. and the late Martin Barsler, aged 30 years, 2 months and 20 days.

[Funeral notice hereafter.]

Sacramento, September 12—Emma, wife of David Farr, aged 32 years, 6 months and 20 days. (Oakland papers please copy.)

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, which will take place from her residence, G street, Eleventh and Twelfth, this morning at 10 o'clock. Interment private.] *

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 8 P. M. FRIDAY NIGHT WILL CLOSE AT 6 O'CLOCK AND NOT REOPEN UNTIL 6 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT.

Splendid Values in Colored Henrietta Cloths.

PRICE, 50c., 75c, $1, $1 25 per yard.

Trousers at $7 50.

In the one line of fine Trousers at $7 50 we can show about thirty different patterns, there being hardly a style in Mitchell's Fall and Winter Fashion Plate for 1888 89 which we cannot produce from our stock.

Fall Overcoats.

Special value in fine all-wove dress Overcoats, medium weight and medium light color, silk faced. The material in these coats is an English home-spun.

Last season these overcoats were sold at $17 50. Our price now is $10.

Other styles in light-colored overcoats, $12 50, $15, $22 50 and $25.

Heavy weight blue Chinchilla Overcoats. Price, $10. One of the features of this coat is that it is satin-lined throughout.

Any alterations necessary to a perfect fit will be made free.

English Broadcloths, $2 25.

These splendid fabrics may be had from us in all the leading shades for Fall and Winter wear at $2 25 per yard. Fifty-four inches wide.

An excellent fifty-inch fine cloth, closely resembling the above in appearance. Price, $1 a yard.

Clothing for Races.

Fancy Flannel Coats and Vests. Also Alpacas, Serges, Tricots, Pongee Silks, etc.

Seersucker Coats and Vests, 75 cents to $2.

Single Coats of Striped or Checked Doment Flannel, 69 cents.

Calico Coats, 15 cents.

Dusters, some of Linen, others Mohair, Serges, etc. Prices, 75 cents to $5.

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.,

Nos. 400 to 420 K Street, Sacramento.

RUSSIAN TURBANS!

GO TO MRS. M. A. PEALER'S AND GET one for Fair time. The latest novelty in TURBANS.

MRS. M. A. PEALER,

SUCCESSOR TO BARBER & PEALER,

621 and 623 J Street,

SACRAMENTO.....[ja6-tf].....CAL

LADIES, ATTENTION!

FOR CHEAP MILLINERY, TRIMMED OR Untrimmed Hats, Flowers, Feathers, etc., visit

MRS. A. J. POMMER, Millinery,

505 J street (next Nonpareil Dry Goods Store). You never saw such CHEAP GOODS. je23-2plm

THOMAS F. PHILLIPS.

(Successor to J. J. Spicker),

Druggist and Apothecary,

SIXTH AND K STREETS, - SACRAMENTO.

☞ Soda Water, with fine fruit syrups and shaved Ice, 5 cents per glass. s8-3ptf

FOR CASH ONLY! TO YOUR INTEREST!

THE CIGAR TRADE, DRUGGISTS, Saloons, Groceries and Cigar Stands supplied at factory prices.

A. COOLOT,

Sole Agent for Pacific Coast. 3ptf

TRY CHERUB TEA.

Given away nightly at LINDLEY'S TEA HOUSE, at the PAVILON.

THE BELL CONSERVATORY CO. LEADING HORTICULTURISTS OF THE PACIFIC COAST HAVE OVER 22,000 FEET UNDER GLASS MORE THAN ANY OTHER 5 NURSERIES IN CAL. SACRAMENTO SEND FOR CATALOGUE CALIFORNIA

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Crane's celebrated fine Papers and Envelopes; Marcus Ward's Irish Linen Papers and Envelopes; Chelmsford, Royal and Carrolton Notes, Letters and Legal; A. W. Faber's Rubber Bands and Lead Pencils; Gillott's and Esterbrook's Steel Pens; Leroy W. Fairchild's Gold Pens and Pencils; Carter's Inks and Mucilage; National Cabinet System of Letter Filing.

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Will take 2,000 fac-simile copies in indelible ink of any circular, writing, drawing or music.

H. S. CROCKER & CO., Sole Agents

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NEW MUSIC

JUST RECEIVED FOR FREE DISTRIBUTION. Write on a postal card for one of our 1888 catalogues of music. E. DALE & CO., 625 J reet, Sacramento. tf

TOWNSEND'S PATENT

Household Treasure Kitchen TABLES, ONLY $5.

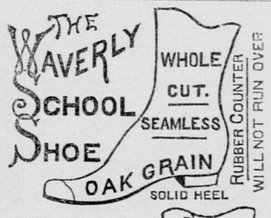
SOME CHOICE NEW PATTERNS IN BED SOFAS and LOUNGES. We have a few PARLOR SETS left that will be closed out cheap to make room for NEW GOODS to arrive.

CHAS. M. CAMPBELL,

409 K street,

Furniture, Carpets, Window Shades, etc.

THE WAVERLY SCHOOL SHOE



☞ We have the above Shoes in heel or spring heel. Sizes 4 to 7½, $1 25; 8 to 10½, $1 50; 11 to 2, $1 75. Ladies', 2½ to 7, $2 50.

GUS LAVENSON,

Fifth and J streets.....Sole Agent

HARRY BERNARD

CARRIAGE MAKER,

Corner of Sixth and L sts., Sacramento.

Ten Gold Medals! Eight Silver Medals!

From the Mechanics' Fair of San Francisco and California and Nevada Fairs.

Also, 125 First-class Premiums for the Best Work.

ONE OF MY BUGGIES IS WORTH SIX cheap Eastern Buggies. I have for sale at the lowest possible prices for good work, Family Carriages, Open Buggies, Light Top Buggies, Heavy Top Buggies, Farmers' Carriages. I sell no cheap "shyster" work. None but experienced workmen employed. Repairing neatly done. Send your orders. 1mis

AMEICAN STEAM LAUNDRY.

Nineteenth and I Sts., Sacramento.

WHITE LABOR ONLY. LINEN POLISHED in the neatest manner. We guarantee satisfaction. All ordinary mending, sewing on buttons, etc., free of charge. Washing called for and delivered to any part of the city. Office, at Sawtelle's boot store, 708 and 710 J street.

3m-1m E. H. GREEN, Proprietor

MUTUAL DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF A. L. CLARE & BRO. has this day, September 1st, by mutual consent, dissolved. A. L. Clare will continue in business. All persons indebted to the firm will please settle at once. All holding claims against the above firm will present said claims by September 30th.

A. L. CLARE & BRO.

In addition to the above I will say to those who have patronized us in time past that I hope to retain your very much appreciated patronage. Respectfully, [au31-1m] A. L. CLARE.

JOHN BREUNER

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

FURNITURE,

604, 606 and 608 K Street.....Sacramento, Cal.

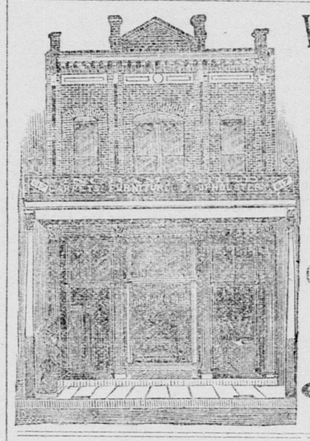
OUR CONTINUOUS INCREASE OF PATronage is the best assurance that our efforts to please by careful attention, bottom prices, and the carrying of the largest and best assorted stock, have been appreciated by our many patrons.

JAMES G. DAVIS,

411 and 413 K street, Sacramento, the Best House to Buy Your

FURNITURE AND CARPETS!

And Wall Paper of Every Description. ☞ SEND FOR PRICE LIST. ☜ 3ptf



We have the latest and richest Patterns in Moquette Velvet and Brussels Carpets, direct from the Eastern market.

Call and inspect our entirely new stock of Furniture and Upholstery Goods.

INGRAM & BIRD,

617 K Street,

(Next door to Golden Eagle Hotel).

H. WACHHORST,

LEADING JEWELER OF SACRAMENTO

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.

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KLUNE & FLOBERG,

WATCHMAKERS and JEWELERS.....428 J St., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

☞ DEALERS IN WATCHES, JEWELRY and DIAMONDS. Repairing in all its Branches, a Specialty, under MR. FLOBERG. Agents for ROCKFORD WATCH COMPANY. 3ptf

REAL ESTATE, ETC.

FARMS FOR SALE.

$5,000 160 ACRES, FOUR MILES EAST of Florin; forty acres summer-fallowed; good house, five rooms; large barn; young orchard; fruit can be raised without irrigation.

$3,500. EIGHTY ACRES, TWO MILES of Florin, good house; large barn; blacksmith shop; chicken house and granary; six acres in vineyard and orchard; one acre in blackberries; four windmills, all in good running order.

264 ACRES, THREE AND ONE-HALF miles west of Elk Grove; good dwelling, six rooms; large barn, granary, etc.; 125 acres summer-fallowed. This place is suitable for all kinds of grain, fruit or vines. Price, $55 per acre.

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FRANK MILLER, Cashier	351 Shares
CHAS. F. DILLMAN, Asst. Cashier	125 Shares
Other persons own	1,198 Shares
Capital, $500,000, in	5,000 Shares

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THE OLDEST SAVINGS BANK IN THE city, corner J and Fifth streets, Sacramento. Guaranteed capital, $500,000; paid up capital gold coin, $250,000; loans on real estate, March 1, 1888, $2,027,008; term and ordinary deposits March 1, 1888, $2,289,422. Term and ordinary deposits received, and dividends paid in January and July. Money loaned upon real estate only. The Bank does exclusively savings bank business. Information furnished upon application to W. F. COLEMAN, President.
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Money Loaned on Real Estate Only.
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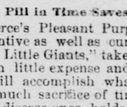
DENTIST—NO. 516 K STREET, Sacramento, Cal. ap8-tf



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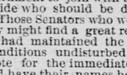
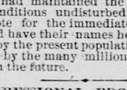


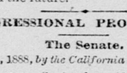
C. H. STEPHENSON,

DENTIST, CORNER SEVENTH and J streets, over Lyon's Dry Goods Store. 1m



O. T. MILLIKIN,

DENTIST, 1008 EIGHTH ST., BET. J AND K, Over Dr. W. H. Hughson's office. tf



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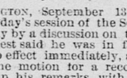
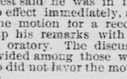


REMOVED.

DR. H. H. PIERSON, DENTIST, has moved from 415 J street, to his NEW DENTAL PARLORS, 511 J STREET. 1m



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HOME AFFAIRS.

NEW HAMPSHIRE VISITED BY A BLIZZARD.

The New Grand Army Chief—Sad Condition of Affairs at Jacksonville—Panic at a Fire.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

THE EXCLUSION BILL.

Senator Jones of Nevada Makes a Speech on the Chinese Question.

WASHINGTON, September 13th.—After some unimportant business in the Senate this morning the Chinese exclusion bill was taken up, and Jones of Nevada addressed the Senate. He said the discussion now was reduced to that point whether immediate action should be taken to prevent the influx of that vile stream of Mongolian barbarians into the pure waters of American civilization, or whether the people would have to wait until the Chinese Government should conclude to afford relief. He ought to say that when the Democratic party after 1865, took off its gray uniform and put on the garb of the working citizen, it was at a loss for a platform. The Democrats had been floundering around for some position on which to stand, and they in 1872 lit upon a curious platform with the high priest of protection in command of the troops, and in it they put an anti-Chinese plank. Jones alluded to the advance of the Chinese in California and the evil consequences flowing from their presence there, and said the Democrats had not shown much zeal in respect to Chinese exclusion. The positions of the two parties after the war had been entirely different. The Republican party believed that the declaration of independence was intended for all men without regard to color. After the war, in which the shackles had been struck from the limbs of four million people, they were in no humor to listen to a proposition to exclude any race. But the Democrats, on the other hand, believed that the declaration of independence meant that all white men were equal. They had had long experience with a non-assimilating race, and "what no two for it" when they could not enslave it, and were therefore ready to vote to exclude it. So listless has the Democrats been in support of their anti-Chinese propositions, that the people of the Pacific coast did not believe much in their sincerity. The people of the Pacific coast knew that if they could once get the majority of Republicans on their side they would see that justice was done to them.

Vest said he had never been able to understand whether there was a difference of opinion between the Republican party at large and the Republicans of the Pacific slope as to the meaning of the Declaration of Independence. Did the Senator from Nevada mean to say that that difference existed, or did the Senator agree with the Democratic party, that this was a white man's government?

Jones replied that as a boy he had heard on every patriotic occasion speeches declaring the United States to be the home of the oppressed of all nations, but when he went to the Pacific Coast and saw how impossible it was for the Chinese to assimilate with Americans he became convinced that it was impossible for two distinct and dissimilar races to prosper side by side in the same country. The barbarous economy of the Chinese would take the profession of every avenue of industry to the exclusion of Americans and he (Jones) was in favor of defending his own people, and defending them unitedly. The cry against Chinese immigration, he said, was increasing daily. Hundreds and thousands of Chinamen were coming annually into the country and driving Americans out of employment. Were the people to be asked to wait upon gilt-edged diplomacy until the barbaric Government of China should say that it was willing the Government should exclude that horde of immigration which everyone believed to be an irreparable injury to the country? The people of the Pacific coast demanded that there should be no more delay. They said the subject was one over which the Government was sovereign, and that it was derogatory to the dignity of the American people that they should ask the Chinese Government to join with them before they could decide who should be domiciled in this country. Those Senators who would vote for further delay might find a great reward in the fact that they had maintained the gilt-edged diplomatic conditions undisturbed, but those who would vote for the immediate passage of the bill would have their names handed down to posterity as the present population of the Pacific coast, but by the many millions who are to inhabit it in the future.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate.

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WASHINGTON, September 13th.—The latter part of to-day's session of the Senate was taken up entirely by a discussion on the Chinese bill. Senator Vest said he was in favor of the bill going to effect immediately, and would vote against the motion for reconsideration, but padded up his remarks with a good deal of campaign oratory. The discussion was about evenly divided among those who favored and those who did not favor the motion for a reconsideration.

Senator Sherman made a motion that in view of the fact that no quorum was present, to postpone the matter until to-morrow at 2 o'clock.

After some objection on the part of Senator Stewart, this motion was agreed to, and at 5 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

The House.

WASHINGTON, September 13th.—In the House this morning the bill regulating interstate commerce was taken up and discussed.

The amendment giving the State Courts concurrent jurisdiction with the Federal Courts in civil prosecutions under the act was passed. Also the one requiring the Interstate Commerce Commissioners to furnish all roads before January 1st next with one uniform classification and making it a deviation therefrom unlawful and unreasonable.

The resolution was adopted authorizing Congress to make appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government until October 1st.

The contest over the Oklahoma bill was then resumed.

A motion made by Springer that the House go into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the measure disclosing no quorum, a call of the House was ordered, and only 152 members answered, and the House adjourned.

COSTLY FIRES.

Serious Panic at a Boston Conflagration—Other Fires.

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BOSTON, September 13th.—A conflagration has been raging all this morning in the six-story building occupied by Z. Cumb, Kehew & Sons, oil dealers. The adjoining building is occupied by the Bartholomay Brewing Company and others. There was a panic among the employes in all the neighboring buildings. Men, women and girls were saved from rushing into the jaws of death by firemen. Several men jumped from windows and were badly injured. A team of horses became frightened and dashed into the crowd, knocking down and injuring several persons. The total loss is $500,000.

HEAVY LOSS AT SYRACUSE.

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SYRACUSE (N. Y.), September 13th.—The Grand Opera House and several stores adjoining were burned here this morning. Loss, upward of $200,000.

The members of Kimball's Merrie Makers Company lose all their costumes.

A HOTEL BURNED.

GLENS FALLS (N. Y.), September 13th.—The Fort George Hotel on Lake George was burned this morning. Scarcely anything was saved. The loss will probably reach $150,000.

AROUND THE TRACKS.

Racing Events Yesterday in the East—Prince Wilkes and Patron.

CHICAGO, September 13th.—At the Washington Park races to-day the weather was clear and cool, the attendance fair and the track fast.

The three-fourths of a mile, Meckie H. won, Blessing second, Red Light third. Time, 1:16½.

The one mile, Boredale won, Hamlet second, Moonstone third. Time, 1:43½.

The one mile and a furlong, Ed Mack won, Comedy second, Col. Aunt third. Time, 1:67½.

The seven furlongs, Cupid won, Luke Alexander second, Fred Wooley third. Time, 1:29½.

The one mile and a quarter, John Daly won, Bonita second, Woodcraft third. Time, 2:09½.

AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY.

CONEY ISLAND, September 13th.—The weather is clear and the track is fast. The first race, one and one-eighth miles, Terra Cotta won, Lottie Wall second, Prize third. Time, 2:03-5.

The second race, one and one-eighth miles, Wahoo won, Baldwin's Grisette second, Raymond third. Time, 1:59.

The third race, three-fourths of a mile, Fermont won, Britannic second, Tipstaff third. Time, 1:17-5.

The fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, Diablo won, Carroll second, Philander third. Time, 1:17.

The fifth race, one and one fourth miles, Letretia won, Troy second, King B third. Time, 2:12¾.

The sixth race, one and one-fourth miles, on the turf, Santalene won, Lelex second, Orlando third. Time, 2:15.

PRINCE WILKES DEFEATS PATRON.

CLEVELAND, September 13th.—The first race to-day, the 2:26 trotting class, purse $700, postponed from Wednesday, Argentine won, Clay Davis second, Bettie Jones third, Jennie Sprague fourth. Best time, 2:23½.

The second race, 2:22 stallion stakes, value $475, Gold Leaf won, Mulatto second, Antoinette third, Lace-Dealer fourth. Best time, 2:21¾.

The third race was between Patron and Prince Wilkes for a special purse of $2,500. Prince Wilkes sold in the pools at $100 to $80 on Patron. The first heat was won by Patron by a neck. After the heat Prince Wilkes sold at $50 to $35, and won the next three heats handily, though Patron came up to him in the fourth heat. Best time, 2:16.

The fourth race, Blue Ribbon stakes, for three-year-olds, value $700, Alcagetta won, Geoffus second, Halmdel third, Redfern distanced. Best time, 2:25.

THE DEAD ASTRONOMER.

Nobody Allowed to Look Upon the Remains of Professor Proctor.

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NEW YORK, September 13th.—The body of Professor Proctor, whose death from yellow fever occurred yesterday, was removed to North Brother's Island this morning in a hermetically sealed metallic coffin. Under the law the relatives are not permitted to gaze upon the face of the dead. It is made a felony for an undertaker to expose the corpse of a person dying of yellow fever. Contrary to expectation there is no excitement at the Westminster Hotel, where Proctor was first taken ill.

At the Albemarle Hotel to-day a guest from Florida was refused admittance. All possible precautions are taken by the authorities to prevent the outbreak of the scourge.

THE SEVENTIETH INDIANA.

General Harrison's Eloquent Address to His Old Comrades.

CLAYTON (Ind.), September 13th.—The fourteenth annual reunion of the Seventieth Indiana Regiment was held here to-day. Thousands of visitors were present from Indianapolis, Terre Haute and neighboring towns. General Harrison and party arrived at 10 o'clock, and at the depot 5,000 people had assembled to welcome the distinguished guest. General Harrison walked to the grove, a quarter of a mile distant, with 200 veterans of the Seventieth Regiment.

General Harrison called the meeting to order and announced the purpose of the reunion.

Miss Mary L. Mitchell was introduced and delivered an eloquent address of welcome to the veterans.

ELOQUENT SPEECH OF GENERAL HARRISON.

When the applause subsided General Harrison spoke as follows: "I feel quite incompetent to discharge the duty that now devolves upon me—that of making a suitable response to the touching, cordial and sympathetic words which you have addressed to us. We thank you and the good citizens of Clayton that you have opened your hearts so fully to us to-day. I am sure we could not have assembled under circumstances more attractive than those that now surround us—the mellow sunshine of this autumn time that falls upon us, the balmy air which moves the leaves of those shadowing trees, the sweet calm and spell of nature that is over everything, makes the day one of those that may be described in the language of the old poet, 'a bridal of the earth and sky.' Your hospitable welcome makes us feel at home, and in behalf of this large representation—possibly the largest that has assembled since the close of the war—gathered not only from these adjacent counties, but from distant homes beyond the Mississippi and Missouri, we give you to-day in return our most hearty thanks for your great kindness. It was in the springtime of our lives that we heard our country's call. Full of vigor and youth and patriotism we responded to it. The explanation of the march, and the camp, and the battle, and the civil strife of those years that have passed since the close of the war have left their marks upon us, and as we gather from year to year we notice signs of advancing age and the roster of our dead is lengthened. We are glad to-day to be together, and yet our gladness is sobered. As I look into those faces I notice a deep sense of satisfaction; but I have not failed to observe that a shade almost rests on many eyes. We are not moved to tears by any sense of regret that we gave some service to our country and to its flag, but only by a sense that we are not all here, and that all who are here will never gather again in a meeting like this. We rejoice that we were permitted to make some contribution to the glory and the credit and perpetuity of the nation we love. We are not here to exalt ourselves, but I venture to say that purer, truer self-consecration to the flag and country was never offered than by you and your dead comrades, who, in 1862, mustered for the defense of the Union.

"It was not in the heyday of success, but it was returning from the Tennessee. Kirby Smith was coming through Cumberland Gap, and McClellan had been defeated on the Peninsula. It seemed as if the doom of God was on our cause. It was then, in that hour of stress, that you pledged your hearts and lives to your country. We are veterans, and yet citizens, pledged each—according to his conscience and thought—to do that which would best promote the glory of our country and best conserve, in our public measures, those patriotic thoughts and purposes that took us into the war."

At the conclusion of Harrison's speech, Col. J. M. Brown, the orator of the Day, was introduced, and reviewed the history of the regiment from its organization to the present time.

THE GRAND ARMY.

Congressman Warren of Missouri Elected Commander-in-Chief.

COLUMBUS, September 13th.—After the opening of the National Encampment of the Grand Army to-day the seconding of the nomination of Hon. William Warren of Missouri drew such a storm of applause from the delegates that it was evident that he would be nominated on the first ballot. All the others withdrew and he was nominated by acclamation.

Moses H. Neil of Columbus, Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief, was also chosen by acclamation.

The sailors of the navy complimented by unanimous election Joseph Hatfield of New York, Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief.

The committee on the testimonial to Post Commander-in-Chief S. S. Fairchild, by General Wagner, presented him with a life-size portrait of himself in a heavy gold frame. The presenter was enthusiastically received and feelingly responded to.

The flag incident was mentioned and Fairchild cheered.

The Committee on Ritual reported a number of changes.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS RECEPTION.

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COLUMBUS, September 13th.—At the reception by the National Women's Relief Corps this evening Mesdames John A. Logan, Governor Alger, Colonel Fred Grant, Governor Foraker, and other prominent members were present. Short speeches were made by Corporal Tanner, Paul Vandervoost, Governors Foraker of Ohio, Beaver of Pennsylvania, Alger of Michigan, Fairchild of Wisconsin, Senator Warner Miller of New York, Commander-in-Chief-elect Wm. W. Warren, and Colonel Fred Grant.

Mrs. Kate Sherwood, National President, presented Past President Mrs. Lizzie d'Arcey Kinne, of California, with a handsome badge. The election of officers will take place in the morning.

AMONG THE VETERANS.

Senator Stanford's Unique Gift to Commander-in-Chief Rea.

COLUMBUS, September 13th.—A pleasant affair occurred last night at the California headquarters, by which the retiring Commander-in-Chief, Rea was afforded to clean and beyond the power of expression. The result was brought about by a presentation speech delivered by General T. H. Goodman, Department Commander of California, and the presentation of a fine blanket. A beautiful flag, manufactured in California from fine wool sheep, whose fleeces were grown in the Golden State. In his speech General Goodman said he had received a cablegram from Governor Stanford, who was at present traveling in Europe, to have a blanket flag made, and to give it to General Rea with the compliments of both Governor Stanford and himself (Mr. Goodman). Commander-in-Chief Rea was too much affected by the eloquent words of General Goodman to make a reply other than to say merely, "I thank you," while tears streamed from his eyes. The presentation took place at the California headquarters, and many comrades from the Pacific slope gave three cheers and a tiger for the popular Commander-in-Chief.

CAMPAIGN WAGERS.

A Prominent New Yorker Fails to Make Good His Bluffs for Cleveland.

NEW YORK, September 13th.—Police Commissioner Steve French walked into the Fifth Avenue Hotel Tuesday night a few minutes before 8 o'clock, with four one thousand dollar bills in his hand. "I have an appointment," he said, "with J. D. Townsend here at 8 o'clock. He said he was anxious to bet $5,000 against $4,000 that Mr. Cleveland would be elected, and I agreed to accommodate him." Mr. Townsend did not show up, however, and after waiting an hour Mr. French left in disgust. Mr. Townsend made another bet on Tuesday night at the Hoffman House of $10,000 to $6,000 on Cleveland, which he failed to cover within the specified time. The bet was with a business man down town. A forfeit of $1,000 was put up in the hands of Mr. Stokes, and as Mr. Townsend did not come to time, the business man called and received the forfeit. The Republicans appeared to be considerably elated over Mr. Townsend's back-down, and said it indicated that Harrison was gaining ground.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Chunks of Ice and Bolts of Electricity Do Great Havoc.

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PITTSBURG, September 13th.—There was a severe hail-storm in Western Pennsylvania last evening, and great damage was done. The lightning struck a tobacco-house on the farm of Ezekiel Greer, fatally injuring Charles Greer. Three other persons were rendered insensible. At Johnstown a young man was struck by lightning and instantly killed, and a young woman severely injured. All glass in the greenhouses, and many on the west end sides of dwellinghouses and municipal buildings, was broken. At Washington, Pa., hail-stones measuring five to eight inches fell. Window-panes by hundreds were broken and iron trees stripped.

AROUND THE BASES.

Games Won and Lost on the Eastern Diamonds.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 13th.—In the last two innings Boston batted in red. The home team made a good rally in the eighth. Score—Indianapolis 7, Boston 10. Base Series—For Indianapolis Burdick and Myers, and for Boston Clarkson and Tate.

QUITE ONE SIDED.

DETROIT, September 13th.—Sanders was hit hard, but the home team fielded perfectly and they won an easy victory. Score—Detroit 11, Philadelphia 2. Batteries—For Detroit Getzein and Welis, and for Philadelphia Sanders and Schriever.

A GAME FOR WASHINGTON.

PITTSBURG, September 13th.—The visitors won the game with ease—Keefe, the new pitcher, doing magnificent work. Score—Pitts burg 3, Washington 8. Batteries for Pittsburg, Staley and Miller, and for Washington, Keefe and Mack.

CHICAGO'S DANDY BETCHER.

CHICAGO, September 13th.—New York was defeated in the third successive game to-day by Tener's splendid pitching, aided by good fielding. Score—Chicago 5, New York 3. Batteries—Tener and Daily and Welch and Ewing.

EATING THEIR OWN.

Cannibalism Among Indians in the Far Northwest.

NEW YORK, September 13th.—Late advices from Northwest Territory, B. C., report many deaths from starvation among the Indians. From the Peace-river district several cases of cannibalism are reported, where, to save their lives, the heads of families have killed and eaten their children. Last season Parliament voted $554,000 for supplies for the destitute treaty Indians of the Northwest, but it appears dishonest agents appropriated the greater portion of the grant. Gabriel Dumont is again attempting to stir up bad feeling among the Indians, with considerable success.

GLOOM AND DESPAIR.

Distressing Condition of Affairs at Jacksonville, Fla.

JACKSONVILLE, September 13th.—The weather is damp and chilly. Rumors of doctors being taken sick and many new cases, have had a depressing effect. Everything wears a most desolate look. To-day and to-morrow eighty nurses will arrive from New Orleans, Charleston, Savannah and Atlanta.

A SEPTEMBER BLIZZARD.

Heavy Snowstorm and Hurricane in New Hampshire Yesterday.

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WASHINGTON (N. H.), September 13th.—A fierce snowstorm, with a high wind, prevails hereabouts. Three inches of snow has fallen and the wind is blowing at the rate of sixty miles an hour.

FOREST FIRES.

Two Michigan Families Reported to Have Perished.

BAY CITY (Mich.), September 13th.—Forest fires in various points along the shore of the bay here have got entirely beyond control. The outlook is very grave. Houses, logging-camps and other property have been destroyed. People are fleeing for their lives. Two families, it is reported, have probably perished.

Powderly's Position.

PHILADELPHIA, September 13th.—The forthcoming issue of the *Journal of United Labor* will contain a long editorial by Powderly. He says nobody has authority to state what his position is on the subject of protection, and that he will, either before or after the election, prepare them for publication. He repels the charge that the Order is affected by "dry rot," and asserts it is doing its great and only work of educating and uplifting the masses.

California Appointments.

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WASHINGTON, September 13th.—The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed as Third Assistant Light Station-keepers, Charles McCarty at Point Bonita, and Stephen O'Donnell at Point Arena.

One Chinese Bill Signed.

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WASHINGTON, September 13th.—The first bill passed by the present Congress prohibiting Chinese laborers entering the United States was signed by the President to-day, the ten days having expired.

A Wayward Comet.

GENEVA (N. Y.), September 13th.—Professor Brooks says that the new comet discovered by Barnard is apparently moving almost directly toward the earth. Observations this morning show the comet is growing brighter and longer.

Yesterday's Fruit Sales.

CHICAGO, September 13th.—The Earl Fruit Company sold two cars of Beurre Claigeau pears at $1 90, Doyenne du, $1 85; Georges Late Cling peaches, 60 cents.

Yellow Fever in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, September 14th.—James Patterson, who arrived from Jacksonville on Wednesday, was taken sick to-day. The physicians think he undoubted has yellow fever.

A Wife Choked to Death.

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SOUTH BERWICK (Me.), September 13th.—M. Sarsfield, in a fit of jealousy, choked his wife to death this morning.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Pat Sheedy has lately won $87,000 from the leading New York faro games.

The daughter of Engel, the hanged Chicago Anarchist, was married yesterday.

Hon. John Edwards, one of the leading lawyers of Missouri, blew out his brains yesterday.

The Greenback National Convention will meet at Cincinnati next month to nominate a Presidential ticket.

Rev. Father Richardson, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., while walking in his sleep, fell from a fourth-story window and was killed.

Rev. E. O. Taylor, of Kenosha, Wis., shot at some little boys who were playing tick-tack on his house, and wounded one in the arm. The community is indignant.

A Rome cablegram announces that a decree of the Holy Office on the Knights of Labor question favorable to that organization has been forwarded to Cardinal Gibbons.

A Pill in Time Saves Nine.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets are preventive as well as curative. A few of these "Little Giants," taken at the right time, with little expense and no inconvenience will accomplish what many dollars and much sacrifice of time will fail to do when disease once holds you with his iron grasp. Constipation relieved, the liver regulated, the blood purified, will fortify against fevers and all contagious diseases. Persons intending travel, changing diet, water and climate, will find invaluable Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In vials convenient to carry.

No one will defend the duel, but it is equally hard to defend the blackguard who will give an insult and shirk the consequences.—*Galveston News.*

The difference between the temperature of the cellar and garret is largely due to the climb-attic changes.—*Merchant Traveler.*

If you suffer from any disease of the blood, stomach disorder, or difficulty with the liver and kidneys, try the peculiar medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Be sure to get Hood's. Take no other.

FULL WEIGHT PURE

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Indorsed by the heads of the great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

POND'S EXTRACT

INVALUABLE FOR BURNS, SUNBURNS, DIARRHŒA, CHAFINGS, STINGS OF INSECTS, PILES, SORE EYES, SORE FEET.

THE WONDER OF HEALING!

For Piles, (Use with Pond's Extract Ointment,) it is the greatest known remedy.

For Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Bruises and Sprains, it is unequaled—stopping pain and healing in a marvelous manner.

For Inflamed and Sore Eyes.—Its effect upon these delicate organs is simply marvelous.

All Inflammations and Hemorrhages yield to its wondrous power.

For Ulcers, Old Sores, or Open Wounds, Toothache, Faceache, Bites of Insects, Sore Feet, its action upon these is most remarkable.

Caution.—*POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk or by measure.*

Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75. Sold everywhere.

Our New Pamphlet with History of our Preparations Sent Free on Application to POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N.Y.

VEGETABLE PAIN DESTROYER

POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT.

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles,* however severe.

Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

A PERFECT COMBINATION

Of harmless vegetable remedies that will restore the whole system to healthy action, is absolutely needed to cure any disease "for the disease that affects one organ weakens all." Paine's Celery Compound is THIS PERFECT COMBINATION. Read the proofs!

"I have suffered terribly from nervousness and kidney trouble. I bought two bottles of Paine's Celery Compound, and oh, how it did help me! I have so much faith in your medicine, for I know what it did for me."
Ontario Centre, N. Y. MRS. J. J. WATSON.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

"For five years I suffered with malaria and nervousness. I tried Paine's Celery Compound, and I can truthfully say that five bottles completely cured me. I cheerfully recommend it, for I know it to be a good medicine."
CHAS. L. STEARNS, Letter Carrier, Station B, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CURES ALL NERVOUS DISEASES,

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Liver Complaint, Kidney Trouble, Female Complaints, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood.

$1, six for $5. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt. For the Nervous,

$1, six for $5. See that each bottle bears the Celery trade mark. The Debilitated,

$1, six for $5. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt. The Aged.

COMMERCIAL.

SACRAMENTO MARKET.

SACRAMENTO, September 13th.

FRUIT—Lemons — Sicily, $6@7 ₱ box. California, $3@4; Limes, $1.50@1 ₱ box, $2@2 25 ₱ 100; Bananas, $3@3 50 ₱ bunch for loose; Pineapples, $5 50@7 50; Cocoanuts, 7½@8. Panama Oranges, $4@5; Apples, 75c@$1 25 ₱ box; Pears, $1@1 50 ₱ box; Peaches, 50c@$1; Plums, 50@75c; Grapes, in boxes, 40@60c; in cases, 75@90c; Prunes, 60@80c; Nectarines, 75c@$1.

DRIED FRUITS—New crop Apples, sliced, 6@7c ₱ lb; evaporated, 9@10c; do quartered, 4@5c; Pears, peeled, 6@7c; Plums, pitted, 7@8c; Peaches, 6@7c; do peeled, 15@20c; Prunes, German, 6@7c; French, 10@11c; French Prunes, evaporated, 12½@13½c; Figs, 2-lb tbx, $1 25; per pound in sacs, 5c; Smyrna Ovals, 15c; Fiats, 16@17c; Tubs, 9@10c; Dates, 50-lb bxs, 7¾@8c; Dates, Cal., in 10-lb bxs, 6@7c.

TABLE FRUIT—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $1 90; Peaches, ₱2 10; Bartlett Pears, ₱2 25; Plums, $1 75; Blackberries, ₱2 25; Gooseberries, $1 85; Strawberries, ₱2 50; Apricots, $1 90; Muscat Grapes, $1 75; Red Currants, $2 85; Cherries, $2 10.

PIE FRUITS—2½-lb cans, Apples, $1 40; Apricots, $1 85; Blackberries, $1 80; Green Gages, $1 40; Gooseberries, $1 55; Grapes, $1 40. Peaches, $1 55 ₱ doz.

VEGETABLES—Green Peas, sweet, 6@7c, common, 4@5c; String Beans, 5@6c; Wax Beans, 5@6c; Corn, 20@25c ₱ dozen; Tomatoes, 30@35c ₱ box; Green Peppers, 6@8c ₱ dozen; Onions, 75@85c ₱ dozen; Summer Squash, 2@3c; Potatoes—Early Rose, 55@60c; Centennials, 60@65c; Peerless, 60@65c; Burbank Seedlings, 65@75c ₱ ctl; Onions, 50@70c ₱ 100; Cabbage, 75@90c; Carrots, 50@60c ₱ 100 lbs; Turnips, new, 75c@$1 ₱ sack; bunch vegetables, 10c ₱ doz; Parsnips, $1 50@2 50; Beets, 75c@$1; Horse Radish, 8@9c ₱ lb; Garlic, 2@3c; Artichokes, 6@7 50 ₱ dozen; Cauliflower, 50c; Egg-plant, 5@6c; Watermelons, $1@1 50 ₱ dozen; Canalopes, 50@75c ₱ doz.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $5 ₱ bbl; Oatmeal, 10-lb sack, 3½@3½ ₱ lb, $3 50@3 75 100-lb sack; Cornmeal, white and yellow, $2 ₱ 25 lb sacks, $2 15 in 10-lb sacks; Cracked Wheat, $2 50, 10-lb sacks; $5 in 100-lb sacks; Hominy, $2 75, 10-lb sack; $2 50 in 100 lbs; Graham, $2 50, 10 lb sacks; $2 30, 100 lb-sacks.

POULTRY—Dealers' prices: Live Turkeys, hens, 16@17c; gobblers, 14@15c; dressed, 18@18c; full-grown Chickens, $5 50@6 ₱ dozen; young Roosters, $3 50@5 ₱ dozen; broilers, $2@3; tame Ducks, $5@6; Pekin, $7@8; Geese, $2@2 25 ₱ pair.

EGGS—California, firm, 20@30c; Eastern, 20@22c ₱ dozen.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter—Valley, 30@31c ₱ lb; Fancy Petaluma, 37@37½c ₱ lb; Eastern, 25@26c; common, 22c. Cheese—California, 12@13c; Young Americs, 13@14c; Eastern Cream, 15@16c; Limburger, 19@21c; genuine Swiss, 29c; American Swiss, 21c; Martin's Cream, 17@18c.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED—Hay, $12@14 ₱ ton; Alfalfa do, $8 50@10 ₱ ton; Bran, $17 ₱ ton; Middlings, $18 50 ₱ ton; Barley, whole, paying 75@90c; rolled, $1; Wheat (choice milling), paying, $1 50 ₱ ctl; Oats, Rye, $2 25@2 75; Tame Oats, $1 75; Wild Oats, $1 30@1 90; Corn, paying $1 25 ₱ ctl.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds — Alfalfa, 9@10c; Timothy, Eastern, 9½@9¾c ₱ lb; Pop Corn, Eastern, 2 ₱ 6½c; Shelled, 2½ @ 3c ₱ l